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...seases, such as Gonorrhœa, Sperma... and Syphilis, in all its stages, can ... the Dispensary ... a distance, and wishing to consult ... advice by stating their symptoms ... letter.

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...rom Weakness, General Debility, ... functional diseases, relief can be ... cases a Cure Warranted.

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...ills, to regulate Suppressed Men... mail to any address on receipt of ... who are troubled with the above ... relief. Address DR. C. G. GLASS, ... First streets, Portland, Oregon. From 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. and from ... ja3dlm

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...ARITY, WHICH THE ... BITTERS! ... has induced certain jealous parties ... ght to cover up the Posters of these ... their own through the city ... his act the stooping attitude of a ... HAS NO COMPETITION.

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...the pleasure of announcing that he ... visiting the principal Hospitals of ... sumed practice at his Dispensary, 623 ... of Commercial, San Francisco, ... and those requiring his services ... red neither time nor money in seek... and has returned with increased ... vation of human suffering.

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Notice.

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Notice of Partnership.

...to Tax-Payers.

...GEO. V. JAMES, ...d Tax-Collector, Multnomah Co.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XI. PORTLAND, OREGON WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1872. NO. 267.

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to ... in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single copy 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at **$10 per annum in advance; $6 for six months, $3 for three months.** Advertising at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the articles in the Daily, will be published every ...day morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

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BRIGHAM & BEARDSLEY, Merchant Jewelers! ODD FELLOWS' BUILDING, (Gray's Music Store), Cor. First and Alder streets, PORTLAND, OREGON.

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Carrying the United States Mail and Wells, Fargo & Co's. Express,

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B. G. WHITEHOUSE, Agent.

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We also draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, and will furnish exchange on other prominent cities in Europe, Australia, South America and China.

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ESTABLISHED, 1859.

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UNION INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO

THE ASSESSMENT WHICH WAS LEVIED by this Company to provide for Losses incurred by

THE GREAT CHICAGO FIRE

HAS BEEN PAID IN FULL.

FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS HAVE BEEN REMITTED FOR SETTLEMENT OF CHICAGO LOSSES, WHICH HAVE BEEN ADJUSTED PROMPTLY, AND PAID DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR.

It is the policy of the Company to meet its obligations honorably, and it solicits the patronage of the public who desire to Insure where they can obtain SOLID SECURITY AND FAIR DEALING.

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HENRY FAILING, Resident Director.

EDWIN D. BACKENSTOS, General Agent. d25dtf

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PREVENTS THE LOSS OF HAIR!

Removes Dandruff! Softens the Hair!

KEEPS THE SCALP FREE FROM DISEASE!

THIS RESTORER HAS RECEIVED FAVORABLE notices from many persons who have used it. Personal supervision given to the application of this Remedy, and Cures Guaranteed in every instance. For sale wholesale and retail at my Shop, Cor First and ... sts., and at C. H. Woodard & Co.'s and J. M. Sutton & Co.'s Drug Stores. JOHN LOPES. o31dtf

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S NOTICE!

THE BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:

FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A M.

FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.

FOR MONTICELLO—Daily at 7½ o'clock A. M.

al7dtf J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

WILLAMETTE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 14TH UNTIL further notice, the

STR. E N. COOKE,

Will leave her Dock, foot of A street, Portland, daily (except Sunday) at 6 o'clock A. M., connecting at Oregon City with the

STR. FANNIE PATTON,

On Monday and Thursday of each week, FOR CORVALLIS AND INTERMEDIATE PLACES.

Also will connect with the

STR. DAYTON,

For Lafayette and Intermediate Places, On Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Of each week.

Rates of Fare:

Portland to—		Portland to—	
Milwaukie	$ 25	Wheatland	2 00
Oregon City	50	Lincoln	2 00
Butteville	1 25	Salem	2 00
Champoeg	1 25	Bola & Independence	2 50
Dayton & Lafayette	2 00	Buena Vista	3 00
McMinnville	3 00	Albany	3 00
Monroe and Ellerys	4 00	Corvallis	3 50
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For information for Freight or Passage, apply to the Office of the Company, corner E and Front streets Room No. 3. d13dtf J. D. BILES, Agent.

Railroads.

OREGON CENTRAL RAILROAD CO., NOTICE.

THE OREGON CENTRAL R. R. CO., WILL, ON and after Thursday, the 4th January, run a Daily

FREIGHT & PASSENGER TRAIN from

PORTLAND TO DAIRY CREEK,

Leaving Cor. Fourth and Stark Sts. at 9 A. M.

OUT FREIGHT received for the present at the Portland Warehouse & Dock Co.'s Wharf.

IN FREIGHT delivered to Consignees. 13dtf

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.

NO. 15. TIME SCHEDULE. NO. 15.

TO TAKE EFFECT WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1871, at 4:30 A. M.—for the government and information of employes only; the Company reserve the right to vary therefrom as circumstances may require. Daily Trains will run between

PORTLAND AND EUGENE AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	1:00 P. M.	Eugene	8:30 P. M.
Eugene	4:30 A. M.	Portland	11:45 A. M.

Freight Trains (with Passenger Cars attached) will run between

PORTLAND AND ALBANY as follows:

Leave Portland at 6:30 A. M. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, arriving at Albany at 3:17 P. M.

Leave Albany at 8:42 A. M. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving at Portland at 5:30 P. M.

Oregon & California R. R. Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Trains No. 7 and 8 are Freight Trains, and do not carry passengers.

Close connections are made at EUGENE with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for sale over the Stage Line to the below given points: In OREGON—Oakland, Roseburg, Jacksonville. In CALIFORNIA—Yreka, Butteville, Soda Springs, Sacramento Ferry, Pitt River, Red Bluff, Tehama, Shasta, Callahan's Ranch, Fort Jones.

Tickets for sale at Company's Office, Cor. F and Front sts., at the Ferry Landing, Portland.

Storage will be charged on all freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours, except when through Bills of Lading are given.

Freight will not be Received for Shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

H. THIELSEN, Gen'l Supt.

J. C. HILDRETH, Asst. Supt.

E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent. a29dtf

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Great Central Iowa Short Line

OVERLAND ROUTE,

With its Connections East and West, is the Shortest, Quickest and Best Route BETWEEN THE Pacific and Atlantic, VIA Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.

THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL! making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by

THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS, AND AT CHICAGO

With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South.

The most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by this Co. between Omaha and Chicago.

Through Tickets to all points East can be obtained at OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. OFFICE, Portland, Oregon, At COMPANY'S OFFICE, 205 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, and at C. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.

Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island.

A. M. SMITH, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

HUGH RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't, Chicago.

A. L. WAIT, Gen'l Ag't for Pacific States, San Francisco. oc21dtf

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FOR HOISTING FROM MINING SHAFTS AND Inclines, Ferry Ropes, Guy Ropes, For Transmitting Power, etc.

MANUFACTURED OF ANY LENGTH OR SIZE.

Wire Rope is much Cheaper, Lighter and more durable than any other kind Rope.

Hallidie's Endless Wire Rope Way, (WIRE TRAMWAY),

For the rapid and economical transportation of Ores and other materials over mountainous and difficult roads. (Secured by U. S. Patent). Also,

PATENT GRIP PULLEY,

For Transmitting Power and by which the Rope is uninjured and cannot slip.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

AGENCY OF THE PACIFIC WIRE & W. R. MANF'G CO. (OF CALIFORNIA.)

All kinds and sizes of Wire, constantly on hand and manufactured to order.

A. S. HALLIDIE, 619 Front Street, San Francisco, California. d22d3mlp

The President and the Party

[From Harper's Weekly.]

The debate in the Senate upon the appointment of a committee upon retrenchment and reform is more significant than may appear to a casual reader. Senator Conkling proposed an investigation into the case of the defaulting Paymaster Hodge. Senator Trumbull wished for a general inquiry into the administration of affairs; and for that purpose introduced a resolution for a committee on retrenchment, with power to send for persons and papers, and with general instructions to investigate in every direction. After a little public debate the Senate went into executive session and adjourned, and the Republican members then met in caucus. Here it was decided to propose a resolution for a committee upon retrenchment, which should consider such matters as the Senate might refer to it. A warm debate followed. Messrs. Schurz, Patterson, Trumbull and Wilson favored Mr. Trumbull's proposition, which he offered as a substitute for the caucus motion. Messrs. Edmunds, Conkling, Morton and Sherman opposed it. It was a curious spectacle. Apparently the chief Republican Senators were divided upon a question of investigation into their own administration of the Government. What was the explanation?

It was very simple. Senator s Schurz and Trumbull are opposed to the renomination of the President. The Senators who opposed the Trumbull motion favor the nomination. If the committee were appointed as Mr. Trumbull desired, it is evident from the speech of Mr. Schurz upon the general order system in New York that it would hope to identify the Administration with frauds and misconduct. Its report would intentionally strike a heavy blow at the re-nomination of the President, and the purpose being so evident, it might justly suggest a doubt whether the investigation would be impartially conducted. The ground of objection to the Trumbull resolution, was not hostility to full and fair inquiry, but an unwillingness to institute an inquiry which would not be in the interest of public economy so much as in that of the defeat of the renomination.

If, indeed, the President can be shown to be personally implicated in dishonest dealings, the sentiment of the Republican party, which now demands his renomination, would instantly change. But for more than two years the attempt to implicate him has been made with a steady ferocity only surpassed by its futility. In every way, by every kind of false assertion and malignant inuendo, the assault has been made upon the private and public character of a man whose service to the country is incalculable. Called to a position of vast responsibility, for which his previous illustrious career had not especially prepared him, but which he could not decline; involved at once in the terrible net of the abuse of the civil service system, which the practice of every party for forty years had meshed about the President; with nothing but his honest purpose and his proved patriotism and sagacity to depend upon; saluted in his first sincere efforts at political independence by the sneering amazement of many of his own party, President Grant, with all the mistakes and misfortunes, which have marked his administration—as they must, of necessity, mark every administration—is stronger in the public confidence in the third year of that administration than any previous President, and is the undoubted choice of the vast majority of that party for the next four years.

He is a plain man; peculiarly a man of the people in the American sense—simple in his manners and habits and tastes. He is not a scholar like John Quincy Adams, nor a courtier like Martin Van Buren, nor a natural diplomatist like Abraham Lincoln. He speaks to the point, and makes his opinions and sympathies evident. His personal attachments are very strong, and his fidelity to his friends so constant that he is slow to suspect evil. But so steady and malignant has been the misrepresentation of him and his administration in a thousand petty personal details—smoking, driving, traveling, associates, property—that his real character and position are obscured to many good men in the country by a thick cloud of slander.

He is called a member of the Seneca Stone Ring, because he does not sell stock which he bought before he became President, and which he holds as every Senator or other high public officer holds his private property. It is a property largely held in Washington, and the quarry is near the city; consequently it is much used there; and as certain active proprietors push it, as all such interests are pushed, the President, because he does not sell his stock, is accused of corrupt complicity. He is called mercenary and mean, although he spends all his salary and his small private income in maintaining the proper dignity of his office. He has unquestionably accepted certain gifts, offered in grateful recognition of his services in the field, as Cobden received them for his services in Parliament and on the platform, and as General McClellan received his house, without suspicion cast upon his motives. So, also, some of his relations are in office. We should be glad if this were not so; but, even accepting the most malicious and exaggerated statement of the case, the country will hardly feel that it is a fact which involves more than a question of taste, unless it appears that those persons are incompetent or corrupt.

But, as we said, all the attempts to involve the President in dishonest transactions, although unscrupulously renewed, have conspicuously and totally failed. Even in the debate upon Senator Trumbull's resolution, Senator Schurz, while insisting that there was some mysterious power above the Secretary of the Treasury which protected the general order system, honorably said, "There had not been sufficient evidence to connect any one at the White House with this business, although such allegations had been made." If it be the wish of Senators Trumbull and Schurz to investigate fairly the honesty and economy of the public service, all good citizens are with them. But if their object be to identify Republican Administration with dishonesty in the service, the country will hardly forget that Gen. Grant is the only President who has strenuously insisted upon a reform of the whole system of party patronage—to which the Senators are not strangers—the only President who has recommended it to Congress, and who only awaits the completion of necessary details to put it into execution. The evil practice of the civil service, necessarily breeding corruption, was first formally opposed by Gen. Grant in his first annual message, in which he said: "There has been no hesitation in changing officials in order to secure an efficient execution of the laws; sometimes, too, when, in a mere party view, undesirable political results were likely to follow. Nor has there been any hesitation in retaining efficient officials against remonstrance wholly political." That he has been sometimes overborne by the tremendous power of an evil system, we do not deny. But he has not relaxed his purpose to grapple with it; and, Congress having expressly authorized him to undertake the work, he states quietly in his third annual message that a plan of reform "shall have a fair trial." The President is not a rhetorician, but he says what he means, and the country understands him.

We see with great regret the session opening with a debate which ill conceals angry differences. It would be a great misfortune if in their zeal to strike a President, Republican Senators should fatally wound their own party, and thereby the best interests of the country. In his speech last September, in the Republican Convention of Illinois, Senator Trumbull said: "There are also other reforms in Government that are to be brought about. How is all this to be accomplished? That is the great question that is going to be submitted to the American people in the next election. The war is over—that contest is done. Now what political organization will be safest for the American people? Hereafter where shall we look? Shall we look to that party which brought the Government to civil war to preserve the Union? Will you look to that party which ruined the credit of the nation so that it could not borrow at less than from twelve to thirty per cent. per annum—to that party which inaugurated the doctrine that to the victors belong the spoils—to that party which now desires further to depreciate the currency of the country by issuing millions and millions more of it? If it is believed by the American people, no matter to what party they belong, Republicans or Democrats, that the Government of the country will be safest in the hands of those men; if you believe that the men, many of whom sought to destroy the Government, will be more likely to preserve it than those who fought for its existence; if you believe that the men who ruined its trade will be more likely to improve it than those who, when it was ruined, have already re-established it to a great extent; if you look for reforms to them, then it is the duty of the voter to go to the polls and vote with the Democratic party."

That party is to be defeated only by the Republican party, and defeated by the conviction, which is justly founded, that the Republican party is truly the party of reform, of liberty and of progress. While, therefore, we all heartily agree that iniquity shall be exposed, let us hope that it will be done honorably, so that the Republican party shall not be made responsible for evils which it has neither fostered nor approved, but to the removal of which its Administration is pledged.

About the Cholera.

HOW IT LIES DORMANT AND REAPPEARS.

The British *Medical Journal*, noticing the fortunate respite from the invasion of cholera in England caused by the timely arrival of cold weather, adds that it is but a respite, and continues with these remarks, which are as applicable to this country as to England:

During the cold season the low temperature arrests the extension of the disease, it does not extinguish it or destroy the power of subsequent activity in the particles of contagion which awaits the return of a higher temperature. The Russian experience of 1847 is still at hand to teach us. The epidemic which had become general at the close of 1847 appeared to be brought to an end by the severe winter of 1847-48. From the 1st of February, 1848, there were no more cholera deaths, and every one supposed the outbreak to be over. But the months of April and May of that year dispelled these illusions. Cholera reappeared everywhere in its haunts of the previous year, and spread with frightful rapidity throughout the whole Russian Empire. The number of deaths in all Russia in the month of July, 1848, is stated by Dr. Chasseaud, of Smyrna, in his Prize Essay, just published at Constantinople, to have amounted to 30,000 weekly. The existing state of things at Constantinople, and the history of the German cholera ship which has just reached New York, show that a present sense of security is based upon data which are merely local and superficial.

Indian Policy.

There is a great deal of truth in the following, which we clip from Theodore Tilton's *Golden Age*:

It is the fashion just now to ridicule Vincent Collyer's attempt to pacificate the Indians of the Southwest, and crack poor jokes at his expense. Of course he has not succeeded in transforming these barbarous bronzes into civilized white men, nor in developing Indian instincts into all the graces and virtues of the Christian character. Such things are not done in six months among civilized people, and it is foolish to expect Collyer to do with savages what our Methodist and Presbyterian revivalists cannot effect with those born in Christian homes and nurtured in the best influences of society. A great policy of justice and humanity cannot be tested by the results of a summer. Two hundred years of injustice and degradation cannot be erased by the scratch of a Secretary's pen, nor canceled by a Commissioner's promise. Indian human nature is not easier to work upon than Anglo-Saxon human nature; but there is good reason for thinking it is made out of the same kind of stuff and amenable to the same laws, and moreover, that it will yield to a policy of kindness as readily as other species of human nature. Perhaps this is what the croakers are afraid of. It is the reservations they are chiefly anxious to convert and cultivate. The crime of the Indian is his land. The grievance is a real one, for it is a grievance of real estate. The whites ache for the Indian's achres.

A Scheme of Political Enginery.

Recent events at Washington, which have excited much comment throughout the country, could not be better expressed than in the following brief paragraph from the Albany (N. Y.) *Journal*:

Mr. Trumbull's resolution provided for the revival of the Joint Select Committee. Parliamentary rules and customs would have put the committee in the hands of those who made the proposition. Either Mr. Trumbull, the mover, or Mr. Patterson, the head of the committee of the last Congress, would have been made chairman, and both would have been made members. Mr. Schurz, as a principal supporter, would have been assigned a place, if, indeed, he had not competed for the chairmanship. One or more Democrats would also have been appointed. This would have given the committee to the adversaries of the administration, and that was precisely the game in view. Had honest, unbiased investigation been the real object, no one would have objected to this. But the plain design was to make capital against the renomination of President Grant. Just when the report should be made, just how it should be framed, would all have been dictated by that purpose. We make no imputations against those Senators. We simply say that as politicians they would naturally do as other politicians are in the habit of doing—make political enginery subserve a political purpose.

SENATOR SUMNER'S GRIEFS.—A leading paper of the New England States, the New Haven *Palladium*, has this paragraph:

Whatever may be urged in favor of amending the Constitution so as to prevent the reelection of a President during his term of office, Mr. Sumner is guilty of a gross impropriety in proposing such an amendment. His motives are too apparent. His bitter hostility to the President should have taught him that such a proposition would come with better grace from some less interested source. Coming from Mr. Sumner, it is merely an exhibition of impotent malice, and its only object is to make an opportunity for the delivery of a carefully prepared oration. He knows that at the present moment such a question cannot be discussed on its own merits, and if he were actuated by any other than personal motives he would have brought it forward two years ago. He makes a very serious blunder when his insane egotism leads him to imagine that the people will espouse his personal griefs.

A Fort Wayne (Ind.) woman who sued her husband for pay for fourteen years of service in his household, on the ground that there was a flaw in the marriage ceremony, has been awarded $1,168 by the Allen county Circuit Court.

SHORT PARAGRAPHS.

The census reports that there are 123 persons in Oregon who are disfranchised for having participated in the rebellion. Of course this is nonsense. There is no man in Oregon who participated in the rebellion who is not now a voter; and as they vote as they fought, they go Democratic to a man.

The unpleasantness between Spain and the United States continues to exist, and promises to expand from the war cloud no larger than a man's hand into something more formidable. In view of a possible outbreak, Spain has reinforced the volunteers charged with the perpetuation of her power in Cuba.

Supposing the English alphabet were now just like what it used to be, and had but one letter where it now has both i and j, where, we should like to know, would Dr. Livingston be? This question occurs just now, because it has been discovered that the great explorer has really reached that Ujiji which he was approaching for so long a time.

The mines of the Lake Superior peninsula have long been known and quite extensively worked. It has been very generally supposed that the Michigan shore had a monopoly of this wealth, at least the paying leads. But according to a letter in *Almy's Financial Record*, New York, there are rich mines of zinc, copper and silver ore on the Ontario side, in the Black Bay region.

About one hundred cases on the trial docket of the United States Court of Claims have, on motion, been postponed, and are awaiting the amnesty decision of the United States Supreme Court as to whether the act of a Presidential pardon for disloyalty entitles the subject to testify in a claim against the Government. The majority of these cases are claims for cotton seized by the Government during the war.

Probably the biggest clinker ever known in the history of man is that now in the cellar of a formerly extensive stove store on River street, Chicago. About 9,000 stoves were melted down by the great fire into one mass, which, gathering into an immense quantity of bricks and stones, presented when cooled off, one of the most formidable masses of debris occasioned by the fire. Every endeavor to break it up by ordinary means having failed, an immense pile-driver was employed for that purpose, but even its huge hammer has so far, after four weeks' hard work, proved ineffectual. The hammer of the first "driver" has been completely smashed up in its vain endeavor to conquer the stubborn clinker, and a new machine of this character has been set to work. Chicago is ahead yet on clinkers.

The astronomers say that the late explosion in the sun hurled flying debris to the height of over two hundred thousand miles; and that the huge protuberance which rose some fifteen thousand miles above the "chromosphere," and subsequently burst, was composed of hydrogen gas. If such an unexpected ebullition as this can take place, who knows what may happen next, or whether another and more tremendous catastrophe may not blow the sun himself to atoms, and relegate us all to "Chaos and old Night?" The intimate knowledge we are promised of the sun's "corona" would be of little use if followed by such an event as this, and it is to be hoped that the world will soon receive scientific assurance that the recent disturbance was purely of a gaseous or ephemeral order, and not at all likely to herald the destruction of the solar system.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

From Bancroft & Morse and S. J. McCormick we have copies of late pictorial and other weeklies, and sundry other publications. These houses always have the first and best in the market.

The *Galaxy* is a leading American magazine; in fact in its own distinctive features it is scarcely equaled. In no magazine is there to be found a larger number of useful and meritorious articles on current literary, scientific and other topics. In the January number there is an article by Dr. Hayes entitled "The Real Gulf Stream," which is of especial interest.

"Langley's Pacific Coast Almanac and Year Book of Facts" for 1872 contains a vast amount of statistical and general information, arranged in a condensed and convenient form. This publication has established a reputation for accuracy and reliability and its circulation is annually increasing. It is the most complete annual of its kind issued on the Pacific coast. For sale by Henry G. Langley, 612 Clay street, San Francisco.

NEWS CONDENSATIONS.

Philadelphia is to supply 500 locomotives to Russia.

The year's revenue from the Alaska postoffice was $76.

Erie stock went up in London on receipt of the news of Fisk's death.

A poor man in Sumner county, Kansas, has but 51,000 head of cattle in the world.

Boston shows in the census of manufactures less than one half of its manufacturing done through its own capital, New York less than one fourth, and Philadelphia about three fourths.

The State Senate of Illinois has passed the Ohio temperance bill, making liquor sellers responsible for damages done by drunken persons, and requiring each liquor dealer to give bonds in $3,000.

It is expected that Kossuth, so long absent from Hungary, will in a short time return to that country. A pamphlet edition of his letters has been published in Pesth, which is being very widely circulated.

It is again currently reported that one of the Siamese twins is lying at the point of death, and in anticipation of his death arrangements have been made for the immediate separation of the living from the dead brother.

In Kentucky the choice for U. S. Senator has fallen on T. C. McCreery, late Senator, whose almost sole conspicuous act was in favor of removing the loyal dead from Arlington and restoring the property to the Lee family. That endeared him to Kentucky.

A New York dispatch of the 30th says the Tammany Sachems, in a private meeting, concluded that it was useless to attempt continuing Tammany as a political organization on account of its odious reputation, and that they will abandon it and dispose of its property, which is worth fully one million dollars.

A civil engineer is importuning the Government for the use of 300 cannon and 20,000 blank cartridges to be used in experimenting for the purpose of producing artificial rain. If that fellow could get the privilege of trying it in Oregon at this time of year he would undoubtedly succeed and get a great name as a scientist.

The Steamboatmen's National Convention, now in session at Washington, represents nearly seven hundred millions of dollars of steam vessel capital, and more than three tenths of the entire steam tonnage of the United States. It is thought that the Convention will succeed in its efforts to induce Congress to modify the present steamboat law.

Col. James Montgomery, of Kansas Free State memory, died at his home in that State on the 8th ult., at the age of fifty-eight years. From 1856 to 1861 he was the central figure of the Free State cause in Southern Kansas, and his name was a tower of strength to the persecuted and struggling settlers of that then dark and bloody frontier.

OREGON.

Two Coos county sportsmen killed forty ducks at one shot apiece.

People at Coos Bay demand that that Bay be made a port of entry.

The *Statesman* is again forced to expose a piece of boys at Salem who are growing "desperately bad."

The Polk county *Republican* says: "The great danger which now threatens the Republican party, and which will tend more than any other one thing to its defeat, is its own inactivity. The opposition are at work earnestly, carefully and thoroughly, are they organizing their forces for the coming campaign. The Republicans, on the other hand, are listless, inactive, and if they are defeated they have only themselves to blame."

The *Rustic* says that the Blue Mountain Coal Co., capital half a million dollars, is now at work near the head of Isthmus slough, on Coos Bay. The company are now building a railroad from their mine and intersecting the bay a short distance below Empire City. The Isthmus end of the road will reach within a mile and a half of the Coquelle river and it will certainly pay the company to extend it to the river, and thus establish a communication between the bay and the river which would be of inestimable benefit to both.

The McMinnville *West Side*, of the 12th inst., says: Mr. Henry, who emigrated to this State from Iowa last summer, and took up a homestead in this county, where he has been residing since, came to his death in the following manner a few days ago: While the snow lay on the hills he went out hunting for deer, and towards night a shot was heard from the house. Not coming home at night search was made for him, but without avail, and next morning Mr. Flemming took his track and followed it until he came upon the body of the unfortunate hunter by the side of a deer, which had been shot and had its throat cut. His gun, a fire-arm with one barrel for shot and the other rifled, lay by his feet with both barrels discharged. A bullet in the muzzle of the rifle barrel and his open knife on the ground, with other circumstances, seemed to indicate that he had shot the deer and after cutting its throat was in the act of re-loading the rifle. He was cutting the patching from about the muzzle when, in some unaccountable manner, the shot-gun barrel was discharged, and a single shot striking the knife blade, glanced and entered his eye, causing instant death.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

Dispatch from Salem.

SALEM, Oregon, Jan. 16.—Through some misunderstanding between the Chemeketa Hotel Co. and Walter Bros., about the furniture of the hotel, Mr. Walter began to remove the furniture and carpets to-day, which will close the house, much to the discredit of the city and loss to the present proprietor. It is the intention of Walter Bros. to remove the carpets and furniture to Portland for sale. The hotel closes to-day.

The Confederate Cotton Loan.

During the war of the rebellion the Confederate Government authorized what was called the "cotton loan." English capitalists and others advanced money on cotton which was to be delivered to them, but much of it was captured by the United States. An attempt has been made by the holders of that "loan" to obtain indemnity from the United States under the treaty of Washington. But the claims have already come to grief as the following will show:

An Englishman named Barrett preferred to the American and English Commission established under the treaty of Washington, a claim for £291 in payment for a cotton loan bond of the late Confederacy, the cotton hypothecated by the late ... having been seized in 1865 by the United States, and diverted from its innocent purpose. The Counsel of the United States declared that this is really neither more or less than a claim to hold the United States liable for the debts of States lately in rebellion against them, contracted in the very course of such rebellion, in aid of it, and from which it drew its chief support. The treaty excludes it, and the Constitution expressly prohibits the payment of these rebel debts. The Commissioners declare that this Government is not liable for these debts because the rebellion was a struggle against the United States for the establishment, in a portion of country belonging to the United States, of a new State in the family of nations. Those who contracted with the Confederate States did so subject to the paramount right of the parent State, by force, to crush the rebel organization, and seize all its ... and property, whether hypothecated by it or not to its creditors. Which is a good doctrine enough for the satisfaction of the Englishman; but as, since the adoption of the XIVth amendment, we could at pay the claims in any event, its declaration was not necessary to protect the treasury.

The Duc de Broglie, while French Ambassador, was seated at a diplomatic dinner at Earl Granville's, next to the Countess of Derby. The Prussian Ambassador was seated next to the Countess, who, just before the ladies rose from the table, remarked to the Duke: "It will be extremely disagreeable, no doubt, for you to find yourself side by side with the Prussian Ambassador." "Not at all," replied M. de Broglie, loud enough to be heard by all at that end of the table; "It will be the first time that I ever found myself at the table by the side of a Prussian without having to pay for his dinner."

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Such as NASAL CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, THROAT, and LUNG AFFECTIONS, DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, HEART, LIVER, BLOOD, ETC. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Debilitated and Broken Down Constitutions, Nervous or General Debility, Discharges from the Ear, Deafness, Noises in the Head.

SORE EYES—Every form and variety of Diseases of the Eye.

The afflicted are invited to call and receive the Doctor's opinion of the case free of charge.

N. B.—Those who have long suffered with Chronic Diseases without obtaining relief, are invited to investigate and judge for themselves as to the great success attending DR. ABORN'S Scientific mode of Treatment.

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WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION IN THE House Furnishing line done at short notice to the best of satisfaction. ja6dtf

TO THE LADIES: MRS. W. B. WIGGIN,

SEWING MACHINE OPERATOR, IN the Office of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, No. 75 FIRST STREET, would respectfully announce to the Ladies of Portland, that she is prepared to do FINE STITCHING, TUCKING, and PLAIN SEWING. Work done on Shuttle Stitch or Elastic Stitch Machine as may be desired. ja5dtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1872.

President Making "Reformers."

The *Herald* will have it that the resolution adopted by the Senate of the United States to investigate the condition of the civil service is a cheat and a fraud, gotten up on purpose to defeat thorough investigation. That paper, however, takes good care not to print the resolution. It has appeared in our columns, and all who have read it will agree that it covers the whole ground. The investigation that it calls for is searching and thorough. Addressing the OREGONIAN, the *Herald* adds:

> You take refuge behind the Anthony resolution, which is a sham, a cheat and a fraud, and from that refuge proclaim to your readers that "the administration don't fear investigation; it courts it." If the administration does not fear but courts investigation, why did not the Senate adopt Trumbull's resolution? But, failing in that, why did not that body adopt Trumbull's amendment to Anthony's resolution?

We repeat, and the record shows, that the resolution as adopted, with its several amendments, is as comprehensive and provides for as thorough an investigation as was called for by the Trumbull resolution. And what is more, the record shows that every amendment proposed by Trumbull, Schurz and others was adopted. When the *Herald* asserts the contrary it shows that it is not well informed.

The *Herald* asks, "Why did not the Senate adopt Trumbull's resolution?" It has adopted a resolution to the same purpose. The reason why it did not adopt Trumbull's is plain. We print to-day an article from *Harper's Weekly* which may serve to illumine the mind of our neighbor on the subject. All well-informed persons understand that this move was simply a scheme to prevent the renomination of Grant. It had no other object, although it was cloaked and put forward under the name of an effort for civil service reform. Had Trumbull's resolution passed, the whole subject would have been placed under the control of those who are hostile to the Administration. The Committee would have gone about examining every one who had been disappointed in his expectations of favor and patronage and every man who had a grudge against the Administration; countless stories without real foundation would have been heard and recorded, and the report would have been presented just before the National Convention, when there would be no time to expose its unfair representations. And thus it was hoped that a fatal blow might be struck at the Administration and Gen. Grant's renomination defeated. The Democratic papers well understood this; hence their outcry that those who checked the scheme were "trying to conceal the corruption of the Government."

It will thus be understood, indeed every person must perceive at once, without being told of it, that the whole movement was a political trick, started with reference to the Presidential election. The Democratic Senators understood it at once. They and their party well know that if they can succeed in breaking down Gen. Grant, they will have some reason to hope for success. They would fear no other candidate as they do him. This is the truth, and it would be idle for any of them to deny it.

By the course that has been pursued by the Senate civil service reform has not been checked nor investigation of abuses shirked. On the contrary rigid investigation has been called for and will be had. But the Trumbull-Schurz-Fenton movement, which was simply a political scheme gotten up with an idea of heading off Gen. Grant for re-election, failed of its object. The real significance of this affair cannot be misunderstood or clouded. The "reformers" were only trying their hand at President-making.

And now, since the *Herald* is talking so much about "reform," will it pledge its own party not to use the civil service as an instrument of party patronage? Of course not. Its party invented the scheme and would never reform it.

Our Case Against Great Britain.

New York papers recently received contain an abstract of the case of the United States against Great Britain, as laid before the tribunal of arbitration at Geneva. The whole document makes a printed book of about 500 pages. It is divided into six parts. The first relates to the treaty of Washington. The second is devoted to a review of "the unfriendly course pursued by Great Britain towards the United States from the outbreak to the close of the Insurrection." Under this head attention is called to the many friendly acts of the United States towards Great Britain from 1812 to 1860. During the Canadian rebellion of 1838, Congress, at the request of Great Britain, passed an act arming the Government with exceptional powers to enforce neutrality; the Maine boundary question in 1842 was adjusted in a spirit of conciliation; in 1846 we accepted the proposal of Great Britain to adopt the 49th parallel as a compromise line, giving Great Britain the whole of Vancouver's Island (which we ought not to have done). In 1850 the United States waived by the Clayton-Bulwer treaty the right of acquisition across the Isthmus; they gave in 1854 a reciprocity treaty to Canada, which was of no advantage to the United States. On every occasion they yielded extreme rights in order to maintain friendly relations with the nation nearest and dearest to them by ties of consanguinity and commercial relations. For these reasons they were led to believe that Great Britain was in sympathy with the Government and friendly to the people of the United States, and they had a right to believe that in any controversy on the slavery question Great Britain would not exercise her powers on the side of slavery. The argument then proceeds to a brief history of the secession movement and of the secret part played in it by the British and French Consuls at Richmond, in negotiating with their governments in the rebel interest. It unveils the duplicity of the British Government in its diplomatic negotiations with the United States during the pending of concealed negotiations with the rebel authorities of an unfriendly purport. The third division of the document is devoted to a consideration of "the duties which Great Britain, as a neutral, should have observed toward the United States." It is held that the undoubted duty of a neutral is to detain a vessel illegally fitted out, and it is shown that Great Britain, failing to do this, sought to justify it by the imperfections of its municipal law; and that though it refused, at the request of the United States, to amend this law while the war was in progress, it afterwards admitted its imperfections and amended it, thus virtually admitting its failure to observe its duties as a neutral. The document cites abundant authorities even in the conduct of Great Britain for its responsibility for permitting the *Alabama* to fit out and pass out of its ports unchallenged, on its mission of devastation. The next division is devoted to showing "wherein Great Britain failed to perform her duties as a neutral." In this Great Britain is arraigned on the facts of her culpability, negligence and unfriendliness. It boldly places on the stand as its first witnesses, Mr. Gladstone, the Chancellor of the Exchequer in 1862, Earl Russel, then Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and the British Government itself, which by expressing in the Treaty of Washington "the regret felt for the escape, under whatever circumstances, of the *Alabama* and other vessels, from British ports" has virtually confessed its own responsibility for such escape.

The report proceeds to give in detail the action of the British Government in reference to the confederate cruisers and the establishment of agents in England and the West Indies for the purpose of procuring and equipping blockade runners for the transportation of munitions carried in British vessels to Nassau, and the whole history of this blockade running business carried on from British ports by British subjects. The United States insists that this was a violation of neutral obligations. The next division is under the head of "Wherein Great Britain failed to perform its duties as a neutral towards the insurgent cruisers." The history of these cruisers and their operations is given, operations which Earl Russell himself in a letter to Mason, Slidell and Mann, denounced as "totally unjustifiable."

It is then shown that throughout the struggle British territory was the base of the naval operations of the insurgents, and their arsenal, that British subjects notoriously engaged therein in violation of the Queen's proclamation, and that throughout the British government framed its rules and controlled its laws and instructions in the interests of the insurgents. The hostile acts in the British possessions are recapitulated. The report asks the tribunal to award a gross sum to the United States in satisfaction of claims which, as stated by the American Commissioners, may be thus classified.

1. The claim for direct losses growing out of the destruction of vessels and their cargoes by the insurgent cruisers.
2. The national expenditures in the pursuit of those cruisers.
3. The loss in the transfer of the American commercial marine to the British flag.
4. The enhanced payments of insurance.
5. The prolongation of the war and the addition of a large sum to the cost of the war and the suppression of the rebellion.

So far as these various losses and expenditures grew out of the acts committed by the several cruisers, the United States are entitled to ask compensation and remuneration therefor before this tribunal.

It is further asked that interest at the legal rate in New York City, seven per cent., be added from the date of the claims to the date when the award is payable. The gist of this important document is presented in this concise summary of its points.

Financial Stringency Predicted.

Well informed financial authorities in New York predict an impending financial storm as the result of the payment by France to Germany under the treaty of Berlin of $130,000,000 in gold between the 15th of January and the 30th of next April. The greater part of this money must come in the shape of gold from the vaults of the Bank of England. One of the best instructed financial writers living wrote a short time since to the London *Times*, alluding to this impending exodus of English gold, and predicting a tightness in the money market commencing in January and reaching its maximum in March or April. The New York *Times* remarks upon it:

> The policy of the Bank of England under such circumstances may be counted on as not only traditional but imperatively necessary. A great rise in the rate of discount, and a corresponding depression in securities during the next three or four months may, therefore, be held to be as certain as human events can ever in advance be pronounced to be. And when to this is added the increasing chances of other derangements to arise from the complications of Russia, Germany and Austria, with the corresponding effects upon the money market that must result from a continental war, it is tolerably clear that prudence is likely to be the best of virtues for all who are engaged in financial operations.

It is said by the *Herald* that an article in this paper a few days ago on a certain swamp land contest "shows how misstatements are fabricated by the OREGONIAN." We had the statement, word for word, as it appeared in the OREGONIAN, from one of the parties concerned, and it came in such a way that no one hearing it could entertain a doubt of its being substantially true.

The *Herald* says that "the OREGONIAN comes to the defense of Republican swamp land claimants." There is a ninth commandment; read it, *Herald*.

The Campaign of Slander.

[From Harper's Weekly.]

It is unfortunate that there should have been an impression, not justified by the facts, that any Republican Senators wished to hide corruption or prevent investigations of the methods and expenses of the Government. There is no such disposition in the party. There was none such upon the part of the Senators who opposed Mr. Trumbull's resolution. That there is none upon the part of the President is shown by the fact that he has put himself at the head of the movement for civil service reform. It is, however, the policy of those who are opposed to him to make it appear that in some mysterious way he connives at fraud. Mr. Schurz said, as we stated last week, that no evidence implicated the President in the alleged abuses of the general order system. But he also said, and repeated, and the remark has been diligently echoed, that there was some mysterious power higher than the Secretary of the Treasury which sustained those abuses. Yet what power in that sense is higher than the Secretary, except the President? Did Mr. Schurz mean him? We gave him credit for plainly declaring that the President was not implicated by any evidence. But if the Senator had no proof, were not his words an unjustifiable insinuation?

If the opposition to the President hopes to brand him before the country as a dishonest man, it will fail. There is in politics a legitimate and an illegitimate method of opposition; one which honorable men adopt, and one which they reject; and the policy of personal defamation of the President is not honorable. But the personal campaign was never conducted with such rigor before. Indeed, the innuendoes at the little details of the President's life are so incessant that it is evident that the great measures of his administration are not supposed to be very vulnerable.

If he were surrounded by a Cabinet like that of the last Democratic President, for instance, it might be wisely feared that he was either coerced by it or in collusion with it. But the character of the Cabinet is the pledge to the country of the patriotism and pure purpose of the administration. Or, if the administration in details were proved to be generally extravagant or corrupt, there would justly be deep distrust upon the part of the country. But while there have been—as under the old system of the civil service is inevitable—unfortunate appointments and defalcations, they are in no sense the rule of the administration; and it would be found, upon inquiry, that many of the instances of this kind are due to the characters of the persons whom the President did not personally know, but who were pressed upon him for appointment by some of the very gentlemen who now urge against him the character of some appointments that he has made. We shall be very much mistaken if the same gentlemen do not receive the President's project of reform of the civil service with a smile of utter incredulity, not because they think the scheme objectionable, but because they do not believe that he will put it into execution. When he does that, it will be remarkable if the President's action, however sincere and honorable, is not derided as intentionally inefficient. Indeed, those who have declared that they think the President unfit for renomination are not likely to own that they were mistaken as the day for the Convention draws near.

If before the Convention meets it can be shown that he is directly or indirectly responsible for the abuses which may occur in any of the offices, those who wish his renomination will not be a very large number. But if the attempt fails, they will be the entire Convention. For an effort to discredit the Chief Magistrate of this country does not end with its success or failure. If it succeeds, he is utterly disgraced. If it fails, those who attempt it lose the respect of honorable men. We must not be understood as charging malignant motives upon those who sincerely move for investigations into alleged abuses. But the character of the President belongs to the country, and when that character is stabbed the country is sullied. Therefore the investigation of the charges which have been made must be thorough and unsparing. The general order system must be and will be completely exposed. If abuses are discovered, and the blame can be justly laid upon the President, there will be reason to denounce him. The noble warfare upon his cigars and his horses will then end, and we may all well be aghast at real reasons of opposition.

But in the meanwhile the President is not harmed in the judgment of candid men—and they are the great majority—by slander and misrepresentation. Although he smokes cigars, and likes a fine horse, and owns stock in Seneca stone from which he has no dividends, and a house was presented to him as a token of patriotic gratitude, and there are a dozen of his relatives in office, some of them not appointed, but merely not removed, by him—although these things are true, it is also true that the great results of his administration are such as the country contemplates with pride and satisfaction. It sees its wise and humane Indian policy, its reduction of taxation, and the diminution of the debt; its peaceful and honorable settlement of foreign questions, its protection of all good citizens everywhere, its amnesty, and its reform of the civil service; and the country forgives the President his occasional drives and his daily cigar. Indeed, when the real services of General Grant to this country are considered, the pitiful character of the vituperation to which he is constantly exposed becomes still more despicable. And if any Republican who unwillingly believes that there must be serious reason for such insinuation and slander will only trouble himself to analyze the stories and reflect upon the immense misrepresentation to which every conspicuous public man is subjected, he will be rejoiced by discovering that if the falsehood and the exaggeration are removed, the personal gossip about the President is as causeless as it is contemptible.

Tweed's Congressional Course.

Much has been said of late in the newspapers about the past life of "Boss Tweed" of the New York Ring, but I do not remember to have seen any allusion to his brief Congressional career. He was elected to the 33d Congress, which met in December, 1853, from the fifth Congressional District of New York, Mike Walsh representing the third. He was then about thirty years of age, not as corpulent as he is now, and gentlemanly in appearance. He boarded at Willard's hotel, with Senator Cass and others of the more respectable Democrats, and occupied a seat in the House at the left of Speaker Boyd, just behind that of Charles W. Upham. He was a zealous participator in the preliminary skirmishes on the Kansas-Nebraska question, and made his only speech on that bill on the 10th of May, 1854. In that speech he virtuously remarked, speaking of the repeal of the Missouri compromise: "The Congress of the United States repealed the bankrupt laws, by which every rogue thought himself invested with the pre-emption right to swindle his neighbor, and then claim protection of the Government. Against the repeal of that measure were arrayed all those whose selfish and sordid souls were for getting all they could and cheating all they could. These men looked no higher than their own individual interests. Actuated by motives as selfish, the enemies to the incorporation of Nebraska and Kansas have opened their batteries and poured the hot shot of depreciation upon the men who dare defend the abrogation of the Missouri compromise. Well, sir, let them visit me with their anathemas—it will have no more effect than their baying the moon." The virtuous Tweed then proceeded to pitch into "the infuriated demon of abolition, whose gaunt and horrid features are mirrored in the eyes of his insatiate followers," and he concluded with the prediction that agitation was to be put down, giving a poetical quotation as a snapper, about "Trade, the calm health of nations." Mr. Tweed was the last named on the House committee on invalid pensions, of which Mr. Hendricks, of Indiana, was chairman, and Mr. J. Wiley Edmunds was a member. He regularly attended the meetings of the committee, and occasionally was authorized to report a resolution, with a recommendation that the committee be discharged from its further consideration. Before he left Washington Mr. Tweed was accused with having obtained, through some arrangement, the contract for the summer furniture for the House hall for some relative of his in New York, and he also endeavored to get for another friend a contract for bookbinding. But he was then a novice in the art of parliamentary plundering, and did not become proficient until he had served at Albany, the school in which the greatest congressional thieves have graduated.—*Letter to Boston Journal.*

Atlantic and Pacific Railway.

[From the San Francisco Commercial Herald.]

We presume by this time nearly all Californians, and especially the business classes, have come to the conviction that more railroad facilities are required between the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts. Tons upon tons of merchandise that should have reached their destinations two months ago, or more, are warehoused in the snows and ice of the Rocky Mountains, or some equally delectable locality nobody seems to know where. Merchants relying on their reception have been either unable to fill orders, or have been obliged to supply their wants from other sources, breaking into the regular channels of trade.

St. Louis shies her castor into the ring, and bids San Francisco second her in constructing the Atlantic and Pacific railroad through a region clear of frozen obstacles; over a route that cannot be blockaded and clogged for sixty or seventy days consecutively. By furnishing our substance in aid of so needed an enterprise, we shall have the terminus in this city, and that will compel rival roads to come and do likewise. Then we shall have no more coquetting about the matter. Our business men will not be told, that if they will submit to all that may be required by them, propositions may possibly be entertained. Then, too, the Baybridge question will be solved. We have already done quite enough toward destroying this noble harbor, without paying three or four millions more to accomplish the object. There is business enough now for two first-class roads. In another decade there will be more than enough to tax to the fullest capacity three or four. Business is increasing more rapidly than the facilities can be provided; and it is our first duty to see that suitable provisions be made for its accommodation. Give us the Atlantic and Pacific railroad, and the increase of freight and travel will keep pace with the facilities furnished. All experience proves this fact; it is not our policy to hesitate.

California State Library.

In the State Library of California there are 29,349 volumes, excluding duplicates. Of these 10,131 are in the law library. We quote from the Sacramento *Union*:

> The Law Library is now one of the most complete working law libraries in the United States. It contains nearly all the law books of any value that have been published in the English language. The American reports are nearly all complete to date, and embrace every State and Territory in the Union. It also contains complete sets of the English, Irish and Scotch Reports, and all the later editions of law treaties and text books, and several standard law journals and magazines. The printed records of the Supreme Court have been carefully preserved, bound and indexed. Among the additions to the Miscellaneous Library are many rare and valuable works, embracing every department of literature and science.

Of late years Americans have gained an enviable notoriety for extensive travel. It is a pleasure to chronicle that, wherever they go, no matter in what climate they find themselves, they are received with marked courtesy, and as the representative of a great, powerful and free nation. A correspondent writing from Egypt, says the latest novelty in the land of Pharaohs is the presence of fourteen young American ladies, who are making a tour of the world for instruction and pleasure. They are accompanied by competent guardians. Already they have visited England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Germany and Italy, and now they appear in Egypt, *en route* still further East. The Emperor of Brazil, who is also in the Orient at present, receiving them graciously, and by a strange coincidence, met the daughters of Columbia beneath the shadow of the Pyramids. The visits of Americans to Egypt recently have been somewhat remarkable, and may have had much to do with impressing the go ahead Viceroy of that country with the greatness of the United States, and possibly suggested to his mind some of the reforms introduced into his country. While Mr. Seward's visit to Egypt and the magnificent reception accorded to him was still fresh in the minds of the Egyptians, there appeared the sensation of fourteen young ladies from the United States, traveling for pleasure and enlightenment. Year by year the number of visitors from this country increases. From trips across the ocean to Great Britain and Ireland at first these annual excursions spread to the Continent of Europe until now they extend to the far East and to countries heretofore known only to the Missionary or Scientific explorer. The experience gained by travel in other lands cannot fail to exercise a wholesome influence, and America's fair daughters now traveling abroad will return home improved in mind and body by the healthful effects of their enterprise.

One of the objections of Missouri Democracy and Schurz Republicans to President Grant's administration is its protective policy—that policy which would protect the workingmen of this country against the free competition of the poorly paid labor of the world. To show their perfect consistency these Democrats and free trade Republicans have a bill in the Missouri Legislature for home protection, prohibiting non-residents from buying iron lands in that State, for fear they would not work the mines and thus foster "British interests" and "Pennsylvania monopolies." That is a little in advance of the most intense protectionists we have yet met in the ranks of Greeley.

Failure of many of the most eminent physicians of San Francisco to cure a case of Rheumatism.—Triumph of the Unk Weed Remedy.

San Jose, August 25, 1871.

Dr. A. M. Loryea & Co.: This is to certify that I, the undersigned, have been sick for five years with Rheumatism, and have been treated for many ailments. My trouble has been weakness of the back and side, and wandering pains all over my body. I have been treated by many of the most eminent physicians of San Francisco, as well as of this city, but without any effect. At last I was induced to try your UNK WEED REMEDY, and the result was that after taking the contents of two bottles I found myself perfectly cured. To all afflicted with Rheumatism, I say TRY THE UNK WEED REMEDY, and you will be cured. Yours truly,
d4dtf2p JAMES AHERN, San Jose.

NEW TO-DAY.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership agreed on between John Clark and myself on the 16th of October, 1871, was dissolved by my withdrawal on October 16th, 1871.
j17d4t JOHN REISACHER.

To Rent.

The two story dwelling house on East Park street, between D and E streets. Apply to J. McCRAKEN & CO., 15 North Front St.
j17d6t

Wanted.

A situation as head miller in a flouring mill. The best of reference given.
THOMAS NEWELL, Milwaukie, Oregon.
ja17d2w

Matzes! Matzes!

MATZES!

C. WOOD & CO.,

Would inform the Israelites of Portland and vicinity that they will manufacture MATZES.
Country orders solicited and promptly filled.
Orders will be received at CHAS. GOLDSTEIN'S Post Office Variety Store.
j17d4t

W. ELIOT FURNESS, A. B. ABBOTT,
Attorneys and Counsellors,
No. 30 South Clinton street,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

Collecting for Eastern firms and parties, and Investments of Capital for Non-Residents in Mortgages and Purchases of Real Estate, promptly attended to.
Our Legal experience in Chicago for a number of years, in General Practice, and in examining Titles especially, leads us to believe that we can make Collections, Negotiate Loans on Real Estate Security, and Purchase Lands for non-resident clients, with safety and advantage, and on satisfactory terms.
We refer to—Mr. John E. Williams, Pres. Metropolitan Bank, and P. Lorillard & Co., of New York.
Hon. Chas. Sumner, and Mr. Thos. Lamb, Pres. N. E. National Bank.
Hon. J. W. Forney and E. W. Clark & Co., Philadelphia.
Messrs. Jay Cooke & Co., of Washington.
Judge Henry Booth, Messrs. Bowen Bros., and the Second National Bank, of Chicago.
Rev. T. L. Eliot, Portland, Oregon. ja17d2aw6w

REUNITED!

DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN,

Having in the last two years disposed of a goodly number of partners—all of whom have either been bought or starved out—and having disposed with several hundred tons of Groceries at retail, and having *sold the mule*, again go it on their own hook, but this time as

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
No. 92 Front street.

Land can be bought for less money in Oregon than the yearly rental in Europe!
Relations!!!!! Friends!!!! Countrymen!!! Acquaintances!! Everybody: Quit throwing your money away; quit Rum and Tobacco; quit Theatres and Ball-rooms; quit wearing good clothing; quit eating; quit everything and—(that's how to make money)—BUY LAND WITH YOUR MONEY. Don't forget that we're in the business.

Small Homes for People of Small Means!
and Large Ones for the Wealthy!

Easy terms on the former, and Cash for the latter. Give us your measure and we'll guarantee a fit.
GIVE US A CALL—you can't miss the place, for there's a big hole in the window, and an old hat stuffed in it—and learn
j15 **How to Make Money!!** dtf

"DON'T YOU BELIEVE IT!"
THAT ANY HOUSE IN THIS CITY
Will Sell
SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY,
DIARIES,
Or any article in the line, cheaper than
I. J. BARRETT, 124 First street, or
C. C. BARRETT, 79 Front street.
ja15dtf

KOSHER MATZOTHS
FOR PASSOVER.

We, the undersigned, beg leave to inform the Israelites of this city and State that we will bake KOSHER MATZOTH for Passover.
All orders must be left with or addressed to
S. SILVESTONE, No. 173 Front Street,
S. SILVERSTONE,
M. FRIEDMAN.
Portland, Jan. 15, 1872. ja16dtf

"MARRIAN'S ALE!"

Just received direct from Liverpool, a consignment of Thirty Casks of this Celebrated English Ale in bulk. For sale by
ja10d1m MILLARD & VAN SCHUYVER.

Amusements.

Oro Fino Theater.
Lessee and Manager............GEO. B. WALDRON
Stage Manager............GEO. F. BIRD

ANOTHER NEW PLAY!
THE MASTER OF ST. TROPEZ!
G. B. WALDRON as............GEO. MAURICE
MRS. G. B. WALDRON as............HORTENSE
WEDNESDAY EVEN'G, JAN. 17, 1872,
THE MASTER OF ST. TROPEZ!
In 6 acts to be followed by the farce of
A KISS IN THE DARK!
TO-MORROW EVENING—ENOCH ARDEN.
Matinee Saturday at 2 P. M.
ADMISSION—Dress Circle, $1; Gallery, 50 cents.
Box Office open from 9½ A. M. to 4 P. M., where Seats can be secured without extra charge.

Public Lectures!
GIVEN BY THE
WASHINGTON DEBATING SOCIETY
AT
PHILHARMONIC HALL.

The course will embrace lectures on Scientific and Literary Subjects, by Able Speakers, as follows:
PROF. L. L. ROGERS, A. M., of Salem............Jan. 30th.
REV. T. L. ELIOT............Feb. 13th.
EX-GOV. G. L. CURRY............Feb. 27th.
HON. J. F. CAPLES............March 12th.
REV. JOHN ROSENBERG, A. M............March 26th.
Lectures begin at 7½ o'clock P. M.
Tickets for Course......$1 00 Single Lecture......25 cts.
Tickets for sale at principal Book and Drug Stores in the city.
W. S. CHAPMAN, President Society.
d20d1m

CARDINELL'S
Dancing Academy.
Front street (between Yamhill and Taylor).
Ladies and gentlemen's class Monday and Thursday evenings. Children's Class Saturday from 10 A. M. to 1.30 P. M. Private lessons given. Soirees on Saturday evenings. d14dtf

C. PARRISH, WIFE AND DAUGHTER,
Formerly of California, will open a
Dancing School
AT
PHILHARMONIC HALL,
ON MONDAY EVENING DEC. 18TH.
All the latest styles of dancing taught.
Terms 8 nights, $5, including Gentleman and Lady.
N. B.—We are prepared to Teach Clubs at Reasonable Rates. j13d1m

THE SKATING RINK
AT THE
PAVILION on Fourth St., bet. Pine & A,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Skating Every Morning, from 10 to 12 o'clock, every Afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, from 7½ to 9½ o'clock, when there will be Music by a full BRASS BAND, under the Leadership of John A. Cordes.
ADMISSION, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
Tickets for Morning and Afternoon admission can be purchased at $1 by the package at $1.50 per dozen, and for Evening admission at $2 50 per dozen.
USE OF SKATES, 25 Cents.
At these prices the RINK is a cheap and desirable place of resort, and all classes are enabled to indulge in this pleasant and healthful exercise. d10dtf

NOTICE.
THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE CO.,
In assuming the outstanding Fire Risks of the PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY,
Recognizes its liability to the Policy holders directly, and agrees to treat all such Policies accordingly.
Should any party not feel entirely satisfied with this assurance, and desire to hold a Policy of the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company for the unexpired time as expressed in the Pacific Policies, he can have our policy by surrendering the Pacific policy and paying simply for the stamps required on the new policy.
W. B. JOHNSTON,
GENERAL AGENT,
No. 412 Montgomery street.
ja16dtf SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

A GENUINE STEINWAY PIANO!
For Sale at
SHANAHAN'S
MUSIC AND ART GALLERY!
Price............$425!
Also, on hand a Splendid assortment of
HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S PIANOS!
Which Surpass every other make.
P. S.—Having now on hand the largest stock of pianos to be found in this State, I have determined to offer to persons desirous of purchasing Pianos, EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS.
Call at No. 75 First street, Portland, Oregon.
ja19dtf

MRS. M. C. WHITE,
TEACHER OF
ROBBINS' AMERICAN METHOD
OF THE
Pianoforte, Guitar and Organ.
Recently from the East, and more recently from San Francisco, is stopping at GEO. W. HILLMAN'S, No. 203 Second street, next to the New Congregational Church, where she would be glad to see all interested in music, and wish to learn to play in the shortest possible time. By this method a pupil sees at sight what the fingers are required to perform; giving a more thorough knowledge of harmony and thorough bass; learning to play the Piano and Organ in one-half the time of the old method. Please give her an immediate call and inquire what the method is.
At home from 3 to 4, and 6 to 9 P. M.
Mrs. WHITE is also Agent and has for sale, Wm. McCammon's celebrated full iron rim Pianos, of Albany N. Y. jan 4-1m2p.

CORKS! CORKS!
CORKS!
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
For Sale in Lots to Suit, by
A. MOLLER & CO.,
No. 86 Front street. ja15dtf

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.
Carrying the U. S. Mail.
The North Pacific Transportation Company's Steamship
ORIFLAMME,
R. S. FLOYD............Commander,
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company' Wharf at foot of F Street, for the above port
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1872,
At 4 o'clock, P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia, & Victoria.
The North Pacific Transportation Co.'s Steam Propeller
CALIFORNIA.
JOHN HAYES............Commander.
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above ports
THURSDAY, JANUARY 18, 1872.
At 4 o'clock P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front Street.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For San Juan, Nanaimo and Sitka.
Carrying the United States Mail.
The North Pacific Transportation Company's Steamer
"GUSSIE TELFAIR"
J. AINSLEY............Commander.
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company' Wharf at foot af F street, for the above ports, on
SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1872.
At 4 o'clock P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
Sailing from New York
Every Saturday and Alternate Tuesday
Cabin Passage, to Liverpool (gold)............$75 00
Steerage Passage to Liverpool (currency)............30 00
Passage from Liverpool to New York:
Cabin (gold)............$75 00
Steerage (currency)............32 00
Round Trip Tickets issued at very low rates.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York.
Or GEO. W. WEIDLER, Corner F and Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.

JANION & RHODES,
No. 10 Front St.
OFFER FOR SALE
Ex "BARRACOUTA" AND OTHER LATE ARRIVALS,
Dunville's Irish Whisky, in cases;
Stewart's Scotch Whisky, in cases and casks;
Hennessey, Martel, & Otard Pale Brandy in ¼-casks;
Fine Sherry and Port wines in cs and ¼-casks;
Jamaica Rum, in ¼-casks;
H. Piper & Co. & E. Perrier and Pelnart's Champagne, in pints and quarts;
Blood, Wolfe & Co's Ale & Porter, pts & qts;
Guinness' Dublin Stout, in pints and quarts;
Ind Coope & Co's Pale Ale, in quarts;
ALSO,
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
ENGLISH PICKLES, SAUCES, SALAD OILS, MUSTARD, Etc., Etc.
ALSO,
ENAMELLED and TINNED SAUCE-PANS;
GALVANIZED IRON BUCKETS;
SHEET ZINC, Nos. 8, 9 and 10;
GLASS TUMBLERS;
FIRE BRICK;
ROMAN CEMENT;
BEST WASHED WHITING;
HILL, EVANS & CO'S CELEBRATED MALT VINEGAR;
ALSO,
Dutch Carpet,
Grain Sacks,
Seaming Twine,
Table Oil Cloths,
j12dtf Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

Salt! Salt! Salt!
LIVERPOOL SALT IN 100-LB BAGS.
For Sale by
JANION & RHODES,
j12dtf No. 10 Front Street.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Capital............$1.000.000
JOHN H. REDINGTON............President.
GEO. H. HOWARD............Vice President.
CHAS. R. STORY............Secretary.
N. B. EDDY............Marine Secretary.
H. H. BIGELOW............General Manager.
DIRECTORS:
Oregon Branch.
PORTLAND...P. Wasserman, C. H. Lewis, B. Goldsmith, D. Macleay, Lloyd Brooks.
SALEM............L. F. Grover.
ALBANY............J. A. Crawford.
DALLES............D. M. French.
LEWISTON............J. Loewenberg.
HAMILTON BOYD,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory.
d2dtf2p

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
Corner of Front and Oak Streets.
AUCTION SALES
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES.
Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.
ENGLISH REFINED BAR and BUNDLE IRON;
do SQUARE & OCTAGON CAST STEEL;
HORSE SHOES, FILES, RASPS, SAWS, SCREWS, FRY-PANS, SHEET IRON, R G IRON
ALSO:
Large assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sale
OF
REAL ESTATE,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, &C.
I will sell at my Auction Salesroom
ON WEDNESDAY, JAN. 17TH, '72,
At 10 o'clock A. M.
Real Estate.
Ten Acres of Land situated in the N. E. quarter of the N. E. quarter of the S. E. quarter of Section [illegible], R. 7 E.
ALSO,
175 Acres of Land situated in Section 10, T 2 N., R 2 E.
ALSO,
1 AMERICAN PONY.
ALSO,
150 cases WHISKY,
10 bbls [illegible]
ALSO,
100 gross B. & MAYS MATCHES.
ALSO,
50 cases OYSTERS.
75 cases TOMATOES,
100 bxs CANDLES,
25 bags COFFEE.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctr.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.
S. SHERLOCK & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Saddles, Harness,
SADDLERY HARDWARE
Hill's Concord Stage and Buggy Harness, &c., &c.
SALE ROOMS—No. 61 Front St. and No. 62 First St., Portland.
150 doz. assorted TEAM COLLARS on hand.
je3

J. B. CONGLE & CO
82 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND
Between Washington and Alder Sts., East Side
SADDLERY HARDWARE
Saddles, Bridles,
WHIPS AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

TO THE PUBLIC.
The Pacific Insurance Company has transferred all its fire business and the good will thereof in the United States and Territories to the LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY, and all [illegible] to call at their office [illegible] with our Policies.
A. J. RALSTON, Vice Pres't,
PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY.
San Francisco, Dec. 7, 1871.

THE LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY has purchased the FIRE BUSINESS and RE-INSURED THE OUTSTANDING FIRE RISKS of the PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY in the United States and Territories, as stated in the above, and hold themselves liable for any [illegible] that may [illegible] said Policies. Should any loss occur they will settle and pay it promptly, and all persons having such [illegible] with the last named Company can obtain [illegible] respecting the same upon application at our office, and their future patronage is respectfully solicited.
Wm. B. JOHNSTON, Gen. Agt.
Liverpool and London and Globe Ins. Co.
San Francisco, Dec. 9, 1871.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE
INSURANCE COMPANY!
TOTAL ASSETS, GOLD,
$20,869,079 01!
Assets in the United States, held by the Directors in New York,
$3,054,361 24!
ALL SHAREHOLDERS PERSONALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ENGAGEMENTS OF THE COMPANY.
J. G. PARKER, JR., PORTLAND,
AGENT,
FOR OREGON AND WASHINGTON TERRITORY.
ja10dtf

THE LAST ONE
OF THOSE
SPLENDID ENGLISH
UPRIGHT PIANOS
ON SALE AT
GRAY'S MUSIC STORE!
MAGNIFICENT CARVED CASE!
TRI STRUNG! FULL 7 OCTAVES!
ONLY............$2[illegible]!
j6dtf G. L. DePRANS, Agent.

The Daily Oregon[illegible]

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUAR[illegible]

CITY.

...nd Commission.
...ICHARDSON,
...ION ...R
...ont and Oak Streets.
...ION SALES
...GROCERIES, GENERAL
...ISE AND HORSES
...dnesday and Saturday.
...B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.
...ivate Sale.
...ED BAR and BUNDLE IRON;
...E & OCTAGON CAST STEEL;
...ILES, RASPS, SAWS;
...NS, SHEET IRON, R. G. IRON
ALSO:
...ent of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
...D. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

...nd Peremptory Sale
...OF...
...ESTATE,
...ERCHANDISE, &C.
...my Auction Salesroom, ...
...AY, JAN. 17TH, 1872,
...10 o'clock A. M.,
...al Estate.
...situated in the N. E. quarter of the
...S. E. quarter of Section 30, T. 1 N.,
...ALSO:
...situated in Section 10, T. 1 N., R. 2
...ALSO,
...ICKAN PONY.
...ALSO,
...WHISKY,
...ALSO,
...R. ADAMS MATCHES.
...ALSO,
...OYSTERS,
...TOMATOES,
...CANDLES,
...COFFEE.
...RICHARDSON, Auct'r.

...Y AND HARNESS.
...RLOCK & CO.
...AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
...ss, Harness,
...HARDWARE
...ord Stage and Buggy
...ness, &c., &c.
...No. 61 Front St. and
...First St., Portland.
...COLLAR ... 4cm2p
...ONGIER & CO
...STREET, PORTLAND
...East Side
...HARDWARE
...Bridles,
...AND HARNESS
...EVERY DESCRIPTION.

...HE PUBLIC.
...INSURANCE COMPA-
...the FIRE BUSINESS
...in the United States and Terri-
...ERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE
...all persons are requested
...all ... connected with our
...Vice Pres't,
...Insurance Company.
...Dec. 7, 1871.
...L and LONDON and GLOBE INSUR-
...has purchased the FIRE BUSINESS
...THE OUTSTANDING FIRE RISKS
...INSURANCE COMPANY in the United
...as stated in the above notice, and
...able for any l... that may occur under
...should any loss occur they will settle and
...and all persons having such Insurance
...said Company can obtain information
...upon application at our office, and
...is respectfully solicited.
...JOHNSTON, Gen. Ag't,
...London and Globe Insurance Co.
...Jan. 9, 1872.

...& LONDON & GLOBE
...INSURANCE COMPANY!
...ASSETS, GOLD,
...69,079 04!
...United States, held by the
...tors in New York,
...51,361 24!
...ERS PERSONALLY RESPONSIBLE
...AGEMENTS OF THE COMPANY.
...KER, JR., PORTLAND,
...AGENT
...ND WASHINGTON TERRITORY.
...ja10dlf

...LAST ONE
...OF THOSE
...NDID ENGLISH
...HT PIANOS
...ON SALE AT
...MUSIC STORE!
...ENT CARVED CASE!
...NG! FULL 7 OCTAVES!
...$825!
...G. L. DePRANS, Agent.

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1872.

CITY.

YE MIGHTY HUNTERS.—A party of ye mighty hunters who dwell in and about the American Exchange Hotel, and who occasionally perform wonderful exploits as slayers of the beasts of the forest, fowls of the air, etc., went out yesterday, with guns and hounds and sich like things, intent upon bringing down a noble buck which had long been known to inhabit a certain mountain range, a few miles below the city. They went proudly out and confidently set to work. They found a "sign" and away went the hounds, pell mell, up hill, down dale, through tangled copse and many a fen and field. Away went, likewise, ye mighty hunters, all aglow with the excitement of the noble chase of the stately antlered buck which went before the hounds that the men had set on. The chase was long and hot, but the hounds did not always seem to be perfectly clear that they were on the track. Finally in the distance, they turned toward the river, and now it was clear that the buck would a swimming go. Good. Ye hunters would cut him off by a short cut and take him almost at the souse. To the bank went ye mighty hunters and stood till their pocket pistols were dry and their teeth chattered in the fog like the playful player's castanets; but still the hounds on the hill-side bayed, and came not. Four hours ye mighty hunters waited and then as the hounds would not come to them, they went to the hounds. The purps were found in confusion. The track was lost; but ever and anon as they started off as if the scent were found they came back always to a certain tree. Ye mighty hunters then began to smell a mice. Casting a glance of their eagle eyes up that tree, they saw their game—not a buck by any means, but a scrawling, frightened, little wild cat. Sorrowfully and disgustedly they turned and silently stole away; not a gun was fired—the cat still lives—and that is how near ye mighty hunters came to killing that buck.

THE TRIBULATIONS OF THE FALKINBURG.—The following is an extract from the log of the bark *Jane A. Falkinburg*: "Sailed from Honolulu, H. I., on the 27th of December, 1871; had moderate northeast trade winds the first five days, and then had stormy southwest and southeast gales. Made Cape Disappointment on the 11th inst., crossed the bar with a fresh breeze from the southwest at 3:45 P. M., and when near Sand Island the wind died out suddenly; let go the anchor to hold the ship against the ebb tide. Lay there till 4 A. M. next day, when the breeze sprung up fresh from the east-northeast, and the sea began to roll in heavily which started the ship to dragging. Let go the second anchor, but still continued to drag until near the breakers; there parted the starboard chain. Then set the fore and aft sails to help hold the ship against the current. Lay there with the sea making a breach over the ship till 8:30 A. M., when the tug *Astoria* came to our assistance. After making several attempts with much risk of staving the tug and ship by collision, succeeded in getting a hawser on board. We then slipped the chain and the tug towed us up to Astoria."

A FEW MORE OF THE SAME SORT.—The fact that almost every morning there are from two to a dozen fellows up in the Police Court for offenses chargeable to whisky, seems to have no restraining effect upon the rest of mankind. The next morning, and the next, and so on indefinitely, witness a repetition of the same scene and experience. Men get drunk, get up in the morning in jail and are sent back again, or fined, and yet the next morning, the dock has another similar batch. It seems really as if the stock of "drunk and disorderlies" cannot by any means, however ... be exhausted. There are always, as the ... drop man would say, "a few more of the same sort left." Yesterday morning, it was a party of the name of Wilkins, and another party of the name of Murphy—the one fined $30 and the other $20—this morning it will be parties of the name of Smith and Brown, to-morrow morning White and Jones, and the next morning Doe and Roe et al. The string is as endless, apparently, as the ills that flesh is heir to.

A VESSEL OUTSIDE.—The bark *Falkinburg*, which arrived yesterday morning, brings a report of a vessel outside the bar—the English bark *Metis*, from England, loaded with railroad iron for Portland. While both vessels were still outside, and a mile or so apart, the first officer of the *Metis* came within hail in a small boat, with a request for some provisions, stating that the bark's stock was exhausted. The *Falkinburg* sent off in her own small boat a supply of small provisions. The officer of the *Metis* reported that the vessel had been out some five months, and that the captain was sick on board. They were very anxious to get in, but did not dare to try the bar without a pilot. The *Falkinburg* came in, and the wind dying away, she had to cast anchor, and as has been already reported, came near being lost. It is presumed that the *Metis* has, before this, come into the river.

SHIPPING.—The *Alden Besse* is preparing to receive cargo—flour and Chinamen—for Hongkong.

The *Harrington* is loading with wheat for the United Kingdom and will probably sail this week.

Ship carpenters have commenced making repairs to the ship *Windward*. The vessel is likely to be here several weeks.

The bark *Jane A. Falkinburg* arrived at this port yesterday morning in tow of the tug *Merrimac*. She brings from Honolulu a cargo of sugar, salt and Island fruits.

The steamship *Oriflamme* will sail for San Francisco at 4 o'clock this afternoon, carrying between five and six hundred tons produce.

THE DEAD ALIVE.—It will be remembered that some time ago a report came to the city that George Palmeteer, a well known drayman and a member of one of the fire companies, had died at the house of his father, in Clackamas county; and that the flags of the engine houses were hung at half mast, in mourning. Yesterday morning George greatly surprised his mourning friends by stepping ashore from the Oregon City boat, in the flesh. He persistently denies being dead either now or at any time since his earliest recollection. George is probably right, though his friends know him to be a joker, and shake their heads.

EXPLORING EXPEDITION.—The steamer *Emma Hayward* will leave this morning for the purpose of prospecting the Columbia river toward the Cascades. No passengers, however, will be taken, there being no expectation that through connection can be made, and no certainty that the steamer can even reach the Cascades. The steamer *Idaho* will leave the Dalles this morning and run down to the Upper Cascades, should the river be found clear of ice.

THE JONES FAMILY.—The domestic relations between Jones and his wife are not happy. The male Jones was arrested on Monday on a charge of coercing his better half. Yesterday the Police Judge, having the matter in hand, assessed Jones' luxury at the value of fifty dollars and a further sum sufficient to reimburse the Judge and the metropolitan police for the trouble they had been to in the matter.

EASTERN OREGON WEATHER.—Telegraphic dispatches from Eastern Oregon, report the weather at the Dalles "warm and pleasant," with the thermometer at 45°. At Walla Walla it was clear and pleasant—thermometer at 33°. Dispatches from the Cascades report the thermometer at 34°. The indications at the Dalles are in favor of a thaw.

MAIL CARRIER SAFE.—The following dispatch was received last evening by the O. S. N. Co's line, from the Dalles:

"Campbell the mail man who left Portland Dec. 28th arrived here this evening with the Express only. He lost his horse and mail in the River a week ago."

LAND SLIDE AT THE CASCADES.—We hear that a land slide has occurred at the Cascades, and that the railroad is knocked into a cocked hat. It will doubtless be repaired before it will be needed. We did not hear the extent of the damages.

HELD TO ANSWER.—John B. Cyer, a Gervais merchant, arrested for selling liquor and tobacco without a United States license, had an examination yesterday, and was held in the sum of $300 to answer in the next United States District Court.

SAFELY SENT.—Mrs. H. W. Williams, of this city, has received intelligence that the boxes of clothing and the money sent by the ladies of this city to Milwaukee for the Wisconsin sufferers, arrived safely and were gratefully received.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.—We hear that a man named McCormick, while hunting on the north side of the Columbia river, not far from Astoria, the other day, shot himself accidentally and it is thought fatally.

AMUSEMENTS.

ORO FINO THEATER.—"The Master of St. Tropez," or the "Mistakes of a Life," was produced last evening in very good style, Mr. Waldron as George Maurice, and Mrs. Waldron as Hortense. It is a domestic play—the hero being a wealthy retired privateer who saves a nobleman from poverty by destroying the evidences of indebtedness to himself, marries the daughter who sacrifices herself out of gratitude and to pay the debt, but who loves another. After this there is deep and damnable treachery on the part of the hero's foster brother—assassination by slow poison—horrible suspicion that his wife is the poisoner—discovery of the assassin—retribution—innocence established—tragic death and the young wife left to the protection of her old lover. We have seen Mr. Waldron in no character in which he has exhibited more unmistakably the qualities of an artiste than in this. He becomes transformed so naturally from the strong man and Master of men to the weak, emaciated and dying invalid, that it is almost, as seemingly real as looking upon indeed a dying man. He was called out at the close of both the 4th and 5th acts and applauded long and enthusiastically. Mrs. Waldron's role gave her the full sympathy of the audience from the start, and her portrayal of the character of the faithful wife was so true as to be often deeply affecting. She made a good personation. Fulford as the villain Antoine—the treacherous assassin and defamer of innocence—was a most excellent villain, his personation exhibiting a great deal of judgment and good sense. He was not always deliberate enough, but upon the whole he worked the character up very well indeed. The other characters were not important, being introduced only to complete the plot. The performance closed with "A Kiss in the Dark." The same bill will be again presented to-night.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The masquerade at the skating pavilion will take place Saturday evening.

Thos. Nicholson, a colored man, has been sent to the Insane Asylum from this city.

It is said that Mr. DePrans is about to take measures to establish a branch music house at Walla Walla.

The Port Warden and a Commission having examined the ship *Windward*, have assessed her damages at $16,000.

Fifteen or twenty persons only got together at the meeting to organize a new military company, and they did not organize.

PERSONAL.

The last heard of Rev. C. C. Stratton he was at Chillicothe, Ohio, grumbling about the management of the Marietta and Cincinnati railroad.

Messrs. Wm. Wadhams, of Leveridge, Wadhams & Co., and Donald Macleay, of Corbitt & Macleay will leave by the *Oriflamme* for an absence of a few weeks, each, at San Francisco.

MR. MASON'S LECTURE.—Mr. O. P. Mason, Esq., lectured at Philharmonic Hall, before the Washington Debating Society, on the subject of "Woman; her Past, Present and Future." There was a fair audience present, though not a large one. We did not have the pleasure of hearing Mr. Mason; but we hear that he presented about the usual array of arguments in favor of the recognition of woman's equality of rights and privileges with man. It strikes us as difficult to say much that is new on this subject, and if Mr. Mason succeeded in that direction he is entitled to thanks. We do not doubt, at all events, that he entertained his hearers sufficiently to repay them the trouble of going to hear him.

THE NEXT LECTURE.—We are informed that the next lecture before the Washington Debating Society, will be delivered upon Friday evening Jan. 26, by Prof. L. L. Rodgers, A. M., of Salem on Chemistry. The Prof. has occupied a great deal of his time upon the study of this interesting science, while occupying the Chair of Professor of Medicine in the Willamet University, and there is no doubt but the lecture will be of unusual interest. The lecturer will illustrate his subject upon instruments, furnished for the occasion by the University at Salem.

STEAMBOAT LINE.—The *E. N. Cooke* is the only steamer now plying between Portland and Oregon City, the *Senator* having been laid up.

WEATHER REPORT.

JANUARY 16, 1872.

War Department, Signal Service, United States Army, Division of Telegrams and Reports for the benefit of Commerce.

Place of Observation	Hight of Barometer	Change in last 24 hours	Thermometer	Change in last 24 hours	Direction of Wind	Force of Wind	Relative Humidity, pr ct	State of Weather
4:32 A. M.								
Portland	30.65	.17	36°	2°	Calm		90	Cloudy
San Diego								
S. Fr'cisco								
1:32 P. M.								
Portland	30.67	.07	39°	3°	Calm			Foggy
San Diego								
S. Fr'cisco								
8:32 P. M.								
Portland	30.73	.06	36°	4°	Calm			Foggy
San Diego								
S. Fr'cisco								

NOTE.—Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

NO CHARGE FOR CONSULTATION.—Dr. Aborn wishes to inform the afflicted that he makes no charge for consultations. His opinion in all cases is given free of charge.

DR. ABORN.—We call attention to Dr. Aborn's column in this issue, and to the special notices which he inserts from week to week. We have never understood that Dr. Aborn claims to cure everything; but while he produces such certificates as those from Rev. H. Patterson and others, we are not at all surprised that people, far and near will consult him.—*Advocate.*

LOOK OUT FOR DEFAMERS AND THEIR HIRELINGS.

Supplings need support, but the old oak braves the storm.

The Superior advantages of the *New England Mutual Life Ins. Co.* are known. "Every day brings forth evidences of the fact." Other Companies not possessing our merits, are endeavoring to make parites believe that the Massachusetts Law is no benefit to Policy Holders.

Look out for them; they are wolves in sheep's clothing, and would delude you out of your last cent to gain business.

Lessons of instruction given free of charge upon any plan, to those desiring to effect an Insurance (OR ASSURANCE). "With proofs which cannot be rebutted;" by Joseph Middlemiss, Supt. of Agencies for the Pacific Coast. Office, "Central Warehouse," No. 8 Front street—(opp. Hawley, Dodd & Co.'s new store.)

In favor of the old New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. (37 years old), the oldest purely Mutual Life Insurance Company in the United States. With annual dividends available in cash one year from date of policy. All of which are exempt from execution (by law), "amount unlimited."

The Mass. Law protects the Policy Holder after payments have closed, "whether he gives a note or not," until dollar for dollar is worked out in actual Insurance. (Look at example in their circulars.)

We are doing a business at the present time, second to none on the Pacific Coast, and propose to do the best "in every respect" for the benefit of those *already insured with us*,—"and those who are to be." Portland office, "*Central Warehouse,*" 8 *Front street. Joseph Middlemiss, Supt. of Agencies for the Pacific Coast.* Call and see him.

DR. ABORN.—Elsewhere will be found the card of B. F. Sturgill, who is stopping at the American Exchange, in which he speaks in high terms of Dr. Aborn. This is one of many testimonials the doctor has received. Read that of Mr. Sturgill.

THE NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY was incorporated in 1835, and is therefore the oldest purely Mutual Life Insurance Company in the United States; it has cash assets of over $10,000,000, and is the only Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Non-Forfeiture Law, offering all the advantages of age and prudent management, its average expenses being lower than any other Company in the United States. It also offers protection against forfeiture by virtue of the MASSACHUSETTS NON-FORFEITURE Law, which is a feature of great importance, and should be carefully considered by all persons seeking insurance. Office,
JOSEPH MIDDLEMISS,
Supt. of Agencies
Central Block, No. 8 Front Street, Portland.
Call, and see him, and get a circular. Applications may be made either personally, or by letter through the Postoffice.

WORK of every description in the books finishing line will be done at short notice to the best of satisfaction.
PAUL RICHTER.

A SKILLFUL OPERATION.

A WONDERFUL CURE OF A DISEASED JAW OF 20 YEARS.

To the Public:—For about twenty years I had been a great sufferer with a diseased jaw, which broke both inside and out, and I lost all the teeth on that side. The outside terminated in a malignant ulceration and tumor—like that of a cancer—and for the past two years I was unable to attend to any business. The pain was so great and excruciating that I have walked the floor day and night unable to sleep for a week at a time, and I had almost given up all hopes of ever being cured. I reside in Baker county, Oregon, near Baker City. On the 1st of last November I left home, accompanied with my father, for San Francisco, with a view of submitting to a surgical operation, as the last hope of being cured or ever having my suffering mitigated. On our arrival at the International Hotel, Portland, we first learned of the great skill and success of Dr. Aborn. So believing that he could do all that the most eminent surgeons could, we stopped here instead of going to San Francisco, and I placed myself under his care, and he removed a large piece of my jaw bone—also the malignant tumor—which was so offensive that it was unpleasant for any one to be near me. In forty-eight hours after submitting myself to Dr. Aborn's treatment, I felt and looked like a new being, and now, after the lapse of two months, my jaw is cured and the side of my face has completely healed. The change has been so great and remarkable that one unacquainted with my former condition could scarcely believe that such a cure could have been accomplished by human skill. I have gained fifteen pounds in weight, and feel ever grateful to the skill of Dr. Aborn for life. I would also state that the hearing on that side was destroyed, but by Dr. Aborn's treatment the hearing has been restored, so that now I can hear the ticking of a watch. I am now stopping at the American Exchange awaiting for the river to open up to the Dalles.
B. F. STURGILL.
Portland, Jan. 10, 1872.

STYLES JUST RECEIVED.—Gilt Parlor Furniture! Easy Chairs in great variety; Boquet Stands, Card Receivers, Wall Pockets, Finished in Gilt, Walnut, Ebony, Wax and Marquetry. Call and see the Woven Wire Mattress at HURGREN & SHINDLER'S.

ON MARRIAGE.

Happy Relief for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Nervous debility cured. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. j17daw3m

L. M. PARRISH. G. E. WATKINS. E. W. CORNELL.

PARRISH, WATKINS & CORNELL,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
90 Front St., bet. Washington and Alder,

We have for sale desirable property in this city and East Portland that can be had at a BARGAIN.

All persons desiring to invest in Lots in the city and in Lands in the vicinity of Portland, will find it to their interest to do so NOW.

We have tracts of Land containing from 5 acres to 300 acres near Portland, that must soon increase in value greatly, but can now be bought at low rates.

280 acres in Chehalem Valley—an excellent Farm and for sale CHEAP.

Also, one of the Finest Farms in Yamhill containing 920 acres—600 acres of Prairie, Farm well improved and has an excellent water power.

Our list of Property for sale embraces some of the best bargains in the State, and we will take pleasure in showing strangers and others what will be to their advantage to buy.

Particular attention given to the Renting of Houses in the city, and to the Collection of Rents and Accounts.
PARRISH, WATKINS & CORNELL.

J. WELCH,
DENTIST,
[*Late MACK & WELCH.*]
Office—Odd Fellows' Temple, cor. First and Alder Streets.
The patronage of those desiring superior operations is in especial request.
Nitrous Oxide, for the painless extraction of Teeth.
oc3dawtf

DR. B. R. FREELAND,
DENTIST,
LATE OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Room No. 2 Dekum's Building,
Corner First and Washington Streets, Portland.
Nitrous Oxide administered. o3dtf

MR. DAVID W. C. NESFIELD,
Late Professor of Vocal and Instrumental Music and Organist of St. Mary's College, San Francisco, is prepared to receive Pianoforte and Organ Pupils and to give instruction in Vocal Music in accordance with the strict Italian method. Also, to form classes for the study of Harmony, Thorough Bass, &c.
Mr. Nesfield refers, with pleasure to the Directors of the San Francisco Musical Institute and to Frederick Lyster, Esq., late Musical Director of the Lyster Italian Opera Troupe.
Can be seen daily between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock at Gray's Music Store. Residence, St. Charles Hotel.
d19dtf

TESTIMONIALS.

We the undersigned having been the recipients of the services of Mrs. M. C. White in teaching the science of Music on the Pianoforte, take pleasure in giving a hearty Testimonial that we have employed her in our families as a teacher of her "New Method of Instruction," and that it has proven *superior* to any method we have ever known. And that although the *first cost* may be a trifle greater than some others, we believe it to be the aggregate *much cheaper*, beside being a great economy in point of time. We, therefore, take pleasure in recommending her to the patronage of all who may be desirous of obtaining a musical education, as a very superior instructor.
To those who desire to know more about it before increasing any expense, we give a cordial invitation to call at our house and interview her pupils.
For reference see advertisement.
(Signed) F. DILLARD HOLMAN,
N. W. cor. Seventh and College streets, Portland.
GEO. W. HILLMAN, 203 Second St.
NAT. H. LANE, East Portland.

EAST PORTLAND, Jan. 3, 1872.
MRS. M. C. WHITE—Respected Madam—Having heard of your System of teaching the Pianoforte, known as the Robins' American Method, and having been present a few days since, at the exercises of one of your pupils, Miss Lane, of East Portland, I was much surprised and exceedingly gratified, at the perfect performance of the most difficult pieces, (such as Gotschalk Banjo, etc.) and this after the short term of six months tuition.
Allow me to express my approbation of your System of your Instruction, and with my best wishes for your success allow me to subscribe myself,
Yours Respectfully,
TH. PARROT, Prof. of Music,
and Leader of the East Portland Band.
ja1d1m

Throw in Reinforcements.

The Citadel of Life is in a state of siege all through the year, but is never more closely invested than in midwinter. The liver is usually somewhat torpid, and the bowels more or less constipated at this season, and dyspepsia often assumes its most aggravated form in cold and wet weather. In short, the sluggish system seems inclined to intermit or shirk some of its most important duties under the influence of a low temperature, and requires wholesome stimulation. The spur required is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the only medicine which quickens the action of the secretive organs, and brings out the latent vitality of the system, without creating any febrile symptoms, or the slightest nervous excitement.

The great Vegetable Tonic is not recommended as a specific for Coughs, Colds and Consumption—that field being left open to the concoctors of preparations which cannot by any possibility reach the lungs, but as a specific for the constitutional and physical weakness which invite pulmonary disease, it is literally infallible. The most insidious and terrible enemy of human life is not disease itself, but the weakness which enables it to gain a firm foothold of the vital system. Remember that Stamina, Vital Energy—the life principle, or whatever you may choose to call the resistant power which battles against the causes of disease and death, is the *grand safeguard of health.* It is the garrison of the human fortress, and when it waxes weak, the true policy is to throw in reinforcements. In other words, when such an emergency occurs, commence a course of Hostetter's Bitters.

L. C. HENRICHSEN,
FASHIONABLE JEWELER,
109 FIRST ST.
OFFERS THE
LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK
In the State of
Diamonds & Jewelry.
GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
SOLID SILVER & PLATED WARE,
AT A GREATLY REDUCED PRICE.
ja13dtf

CLARKE, HENDERSON & COOK,
Nos. 81 and 83 First St.,
and 21 Washington street,
Corner First and Washington,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

HAVING REMOVED OUR STOCK OF GOODS TO OUR
NEW STORE!
and received from the East and Europe an assortment of all kinds of Goods in our line, we will exhibit:
THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN
Plain and Fancy Dress Materials!
VIZ:
IN CLAN AND FANCY TARTAN PLAIDS;
SATIN DE CHINE AND SURGES, IN BLACK AND ALL THE NEW CLOTH SHADES—viz:
Marine, Blue Alexis Green, &c., &c.

SILKS!
RICH BLACK SILKS—Wear Guaranteed;
PLAIN COLORED SILKS;
FANCY SILKS—In Stripes and Cloaks;
ALSO;
American Silks!
AT REDUCED PRICES.

SHAWLS.
A Splendid Variety of
ROMAN STRIPES,
SCOTCH TARTANS,
CLANS,
BROCHE,
LONG and SQUARE, &c.

FUR JACKETS, COLLARS & MUFFS;
of all kinds and prices.
LADIES' and GENTS' UNDERWEAR;
LADIES', GENTS' and CHILDREN'S HOSIERY and GLOVES;
JAUVIN'S GLOVES—Genuine;
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CORSETS;
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS—Lace Curtains, Domestics, &c., &c.;
FULL ASSORTMENT OF ZEPHYRS;
FANS—Elegant lot, Just imported from Paris;
LACES—Of the Finest Qualities—Direct Importations.
COMPLETE STOCK OF NOTIONS;
IRISH DAMASKS, TOWELING, TABLE-COVERS, &c;
IRISH LINEN.

CLARKE, HENDERSON & COOK.

Arrangements have been completed with Eastern Manufacturers to secure all Staple Goods so that **We cannot be Undersold in the Market.**
d19dtf

RUMMELIN & CUTMANN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FURS!
5? First St., opposite Oro Fino Theat.
Just Received, an Extra Lot of
KAMSCHATKA SABLE!
The Only House in the City where they can be found.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE LADIES to this really Choice Article, as also to our large stock of
Ladies' Furs!
consisting in
RUSSIAN, HUDSON BAY AND SITKA
SABLE, MARTIN,
MINK, FITCH,
ERMINE, CHINCHILLA,
SIBERIAN SQUIRREL, GREBE,
Crimean, Persian, White and Black Astrachan,
FUR SEAL (English Lustre.)
In fact, everything which is kept in First Class Fur Business, all of which we offer at
LOW PRICES!
Particular attention paid to Orders, and GOOD FITS GUARANTEED. j13d1m

OPPOSITION TO IMPOSITION,
AND
NO HUMBUG!
J. B. MILLER,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
No. 5? First Street,
Corbett's Building, bet Washington and Alder Streets.
IS RECEIVING BY EVERY STEAMER, LARGE addition to his already well selected stock of
FINE JEWELRY!
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES AND CHAINS
From the most celebrated manufacturers of Europe and America, which is offered to the trade at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,
which a little mathematics will show. Where the public should go to buy the silver
P. S. BARTLETT'S AMERICAN WATCHES,
at the following reduced prices:

Three ounce case	$25 00	Five ounce case	$30 00
Four " "	27 00	Six " "	33 00

ALSO THE GOLD
E. HOWARD & CO.'S BOSTON WATCHES.

Two and a-half oz	$110 00	Three ounce	$122

Also sole Agents for the Celebrated A. Lange, of Dresden, Watches.
Watches and Jewelry repaired, and Warranted.
d16dtf

NEW OPENING!

F. A. BEAN & CO.,
HAVE LOCATED AT
No. 121 First Street,
Next door to Morrison, where they have a Large and Well-Selected Stock of
FAMILY GROCERIES!
which they offer at
PRICES TO SUIT EVERYBODY!
THEY WISH THEIR OLD PATRONS AND THE Public in general to call.
Goods carried to any part of the city without charge. j1dtf

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!
Call at the
SAN FRANCISCO
DRY GOODS STORE!
Cor. First and Yamhill sts.,
WHERE YOU WILL FIND A LARGE ASSORTMENT of
FANCY GOODS,
CHILDREN'S READY-MADE SACQUES,
INFANTS' CLOAKS,
LADIES' SACQUES AND CLOAKS,
BROCHE, OTTOMAN,
STRIPED AND PLAID SHAWLS,
A Large Assortment of
DRESS GOODS,
Ladies' Mink and Sable Collars and Muffs.
Also, a large assortment of CHILDREN'S FURS,
LACE COLLARS, SILKS, POPLINS, etc.
Also BOYS' READY-MADE SUITS, and a lot of other articles, too numerous to mention.
Remember the Store,
d18d1m 133 First st., cor. Yamhill.

Notice.
HAVING COMPLETED THE FIRST TWENTY miles of the Oregon Central Railroad, subscribers to the Portland subsidy will please call at the Office of the Company and pay their subscriptions to C. S. Dyer, Sec'y, who is authorized to receive and receipt for the same in my name.
BEN. HOLLADAY.

Boots & Shoes.

MEN'S HEAVY KIP BOOTS,
$4 00;
Ladies' Stout Morocco Balmorals,
$2 00;
Misses' Stout School Shoes. $1 25.
CHILDREN'S SHOES, IN PROPORTION.
HAYWARD'S BEST RUBBER GOODS,
A Large Assortment always on hand, at the
PHILADELPHIA BOOT STORE!
KAST & RICHARDS,
d20dtf 113 Front street.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.
ALL KINDS OF
HOME AND IMPORTED
BOOTS AND SHOES
Will be sold at the Sign of the
BIG BOOT!
DURING THE CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS AT COST, BY
E. CAHALIN
No. 116 Front St., Portland, Oregon.
d22d1m

PACIFIC
BOOT AND SHOE
HOUSE,
S. W. corner First and Morrison Sts.
ja9 tf

Real Estate

REAL ESTATE!

ATKINSON & WOODWARD,
Corner of Alder and Front Sts.,
HAVE FOR SALE
IMPROVED & UNIMPROVED LANDS
In Oregon and Washington Territory.
Also,
Choice City Property
consisting of
LOTS, BLOCKS, HOUSES AND LOTS. ALSO, SOME Desirable Suburban Tracts of Land, in lots to suit the purchaser.
Houses Rented, Rents Collected, and Loans Negotiated.
TYLER WOODWARD. J. L. ATKINSON,
j3dtf Notary Public.

STITZEL & UPTON,
Real Estate Brokers,
Cor. FRONT & WASHINGTON Sts.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE PURCHASE and Sale of FARMING LANDS and CITY PROPERTY.
Loans negotiated on FIRST MORTGAGE and COLLATERAL SECURITY.
HOUSES RENTED and RENTS COLLECTED.
Desirable Homestead property for sale in the City of East Portland on long time—interest 10 per cent.
All correspondence relating to the Resources of Oregon answered promptly. Address
STITZEL & UPTON,
ja8dtf Lock box H, Portland, Oregon.

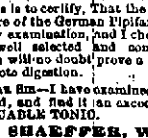
Wants.

Wanted
A SITUATION AS GOVERNESS BY A YOUNG lady competent to teach Music, German, and Fancy Work; willing to do the family sewing.
Address C. Z.
jan11 1w OREGONIAN Office.

Wanted.
RAGS—HIGHEST PRICE PAID AT KASKA'S, corner Main and Front sts. d28d1m

Removed. Removed.
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY.
P. VAN FRIDAGH
WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE ATTENTION of the Public to his Removal to
No. 79,
IN
DEKUM'S BUILDING,
On First Street,
Between Washington and Stark.
d11d1m

A GREAT DISCOVERY.
NO MORE GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS
IF YOU WILL USE
J. LIPMAN'S HAIR RESTORER.
THIS IS NOT A VILE COMPOUND, MADE of Sugar of Lead, Lac Sulphur, and other poisonous minerals, which will produce headache, paralysis or insanity; but a harmless preparation, free from sediment, easily applied, and in a brief space of time restoring the hair or whiskers to their natural color. No preparation is necessary to use with it, but simply to use according to directions accompanying each bottle. This is the cheapest, safest and best Hair Restorer ever offered to the public.
J. LIPMAN, Proprietor.
General Agents, CHARLES LANGLEY & CO., Wholesale Druggists, corner Battery and Clay streets, San Francisco; to whom all orders must be addressed. Testimonials of prominent citizens who have used it accompany each bottle. n20d3m3p

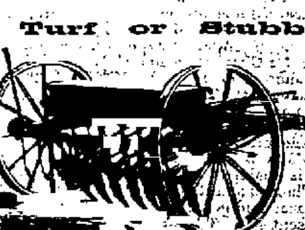


PIPIFAX.
THIS CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS Increases the Appetite, is a CERTAIN Relief for INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, and INACTION of the LIVER.
This is to certify, That the Formula used in the manufacture of the German Pipifax Bitters has been submitted to my examination, and I cheerfully state the ingredients are well selected and combined, producing a Bitters which will no doubt prove a HEALTHFUL TONIC, and promote digestion. G. HOLLAND, M. D.
DEAR SIR—I have examined the sample of Bitters presented, and find it an exceedingly pleasant Cordial and VALUABLE TONIC. H. H. TOLAND, M. D.
SHAEFFER, WALTER & CO.,
Sole Agents for the United States.
n1d6m 302 Battery St., San Francisco.

STORAGE
can be had at the
Brick Building No. 8 Front street
CENTRAL BLOCK, PORTLAND.
FOR **STORAGE** ON REAsonable terms inquire at Warehouse of
JOSEPH MIDDLEMISS,
8 SOUTH FRONT STREET,
ja3dtf Central Block, Portland.

Hawley, Dodd & Co.
Portland, Oregon
offer for sale at the lowest market price
Hardware, Iron, Steel
and Agricultural Implements.

Exclusive Sale for Oregon for
JOHN DEERE'S MOLINE PLOWS,
BY FAR THE BEST PLOW IN USE!
WE ALSO OFFER FOR SALE THE CELEBRATED
Collins' Cast Steel Plows,
For Either Turf or Stubble Land



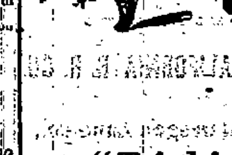
SPECIALLY IMPROVED FOR 1871. HAS THE NEW LEVER ...
AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
BUCKEYE GRAIN DRILL
Manufactured by THOMAS & MAST, at Springfield, Ohio.
And are the Most Successful Drill in Use.



The Lightest Running. The Strongest Wagon.
THE MITCHELL WAGON.

Farm Wagons.
exclusive sale for the Mitchell Wagon with patent Hound & Reach (something new) no other wagon has them which makes them the best wagon for sale in this State
Send for descriptive Circulars!

GRAY'S MUSIC STORE!
MANUFACTURER IMPORTER AND DEALER IN



ALL KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Steinway Pianos,
Burdett Organs.
G. L. DePRANS, Manager,
ODD FELLOWS' TEMPLE.

"Tried in the Fire and Found Faithful!"



THE FIRE-PROOF
PHOENIX.

Cash Capital,	$C00,000.00.
Cash Assets,	1,781,189.?4.
Annual Income,	1,500,000.00.
Deposit in Oregon,	50,000.00.

Organized on a firm financial foundation, with its Capital FULLY PAID UP IN CASH, its large Assets safely invested, and pledged for the sole protection of those holding its indemnity against LOSS BY FIRE.

The PHOENIX INSURANCE CO. of Hartford, has for many years faithfully prosecuted a Fire Insurance Business successfully and well, encountering obstacles and crumbling them, meeting emergencies and proving equal to them, moving vigorously forward in its noble work, "with malice to none and charity to all," building up where the Fire Fiend viciously destroys, and encouraging enterprise by substantially guarding it.

The losses of the "OLD PHOENIX" in the great Chicago Conflagration and which are now being adjusted and paid, will only absorb about 50 per cent. of the SURPLUS, leaving the Capital unimpaired, with a Surplus of Half a Million Dollars.

DEPARTMENT FOR THE PACIFIC STATES,
No. 424 California Street, San Francisco,
R. H. MAGILL, Manager.

Parties holding policies in the lately suspended and doubtful Companies can be furnished reliable "time-tried and fire-tested" indemnity in the solid old PHOENIX, of Hartford, by application to the following Agents:

O. B. GIBSON	PORTLAND	J. W. GOING	DALLES
O. S. WOODWORTH	SALEM	L. FLINN	ALBANY
D. M. RISDON	EUGENE CITY	W. O. BURNS	OREGON CITY
O. P. LACY	WALLA WALLA, W. T.	J. M. FLETCHER	VANCOUVER, W. T.

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Uncle Sam's School.

The following brief essay, written somewhat after the manner of "Mistress Europa's School," (which attracted attention at the time of the Franco-German war) is now floating around. It pretty well illustrates our political situation:

Once there was a little boy, and his name was Chawles, and he was a naughty fellow, and assumed the leadership in the school over certain classes. And another little boy, who had been very brave and diligent, was chosen as head moderator of the school. Now the other little boy endeavored, to the best of his ability, to do his duty, but he and Chawles did not agree, and after finding that Chawles would not work with him unless he had his own way in everything, he took the class leadership away from him. This made Chawles furious, and he began at once to bawl and shout: "As you take the leadership away from me, I consider all your plans to be either stupid or wicked;" and the naughty little fellow actually appeared to believe that all the world was turned upside down, because he had been spanked.

About that time it became necessary to hold a new election for moderator, and as the other little fellow had done so very well—better than most of the moderators—there was a general desire to elect him again, especially as the school had never flourished as well as it had during his term of office. But this was quite too much for Chawles, who began at once to say, "he showed no respect for my feelings when he thought the good of the school required a change, and so I have no hesitation in saying, of course without any reference to the present incumbent, that no boy ought to be permitted to be moderator twice, especially when he is unable to appreciate me; And, indeed, Thomas and Richard and Henry, who are all dead and gone, and unacquainted with the present state of affairs, thought the same thing, although, to be sure, Thomas was twice moderator himself."

Most of the boys in the school laughed at this and said: "Isn't Chawles transparent?" and [illegible] others outside the school, would point him out to their children and tell them to take warning by him and not permit their self-conceit and inordinate vanity to overcome their self-respect and consciousness of propriety, or they might become a laughing stock too. But there were a few boys in the school who consulted together, and said; "we all want to be moderators ourselves, as long as the other little boy is in the road none of us have a chance, but if he were out of the way, some one would have to be moderator in his place and it might be one of us. Let us therefore unite and join in Chawles' cry, and after it succeeds we can fight among ourselves for the spoils." And they adopted this plan and went about the school shouting aloud that a strict sense of duty compelled them to say it was very wrong to re-elect a moderator, especially just now. But the other boys took a different view of it and said: "This other little boy has done so well that we feel convinced that no one of us could do better, and so we shall elect him again, and then, after he has been elected and at a time when no one can say that we have any personal grounds in the matter or that we are slighting any one's services, we may take up this one term idea and discuss it. Just now, however, it is in very bad taste and certainly looks like nothing but spite on the part of Chawles, who has not by his previous conduct shown himself to be above such motives." And the other boys, of course had their way, and Chawles, by his proceedings, only rendered himself an object of derision.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

[illegible] Evening, January 16, 1872.

Gold in New York, 109¾.

Portland Legal Tender quotations, 90½c buying and 91½ selling.

The steamer *Oriflamme* is announced to leave to-morrow [illegible] o'clock.

The bark *Harrington* commences to receive her cargo of Wheat for Cork to-day. She will have quick dispatch.

The bark *Alden Besse* will be ready for sea in ten days. As she has [illegible] good [illegible], it is altogether likely that she will have quick [illegible] go to China and back.

The bark *Jane A. Falkenburg* arrived this morning. She will commence discharging cargo to-morrow. [illegible]

The bark *Whistler* is receiving an assorted cargo for San Francisco and will have quick dispatch.

The steamer *Emma Hayward* leaves to-morrow morning [illegible]

The total amount of Wools received at San Francisco from Oct. [illegible] in 1870 was 1,403,070 lbs.

[illegible] is very dull, in which none are disappointed, as it was expected that in this month and the [illegible] part of next trade would remain quiet. Remittances from Western Oregon and Washington Territory are free. From East of the Cascades it is expected that remittances will be large with the resumption of communication, as the [illegible] due, but in some instances over due, [illegible] from traders in that section are reported as being quite large.

Last year farmers who had seeded their land in the Fall of 1870 had large crops of Wheat, as did those seeding in the month of February, but many put off preparing their land for seeding until Spring, and Spring proving so late the returns were in [illegible] instances failures, while in the rest only partial crops were grown, notwithstanding which our exports will show, by reducing Flour to Wheat, since the commencement of the harvest [illegible] not less than 75,000 tons of Wheat. This year the number of acres seeded last Fall shows an increase of 50 per cent. and the straw is looking in excellent condition. The number of acres that will be prepared and seeded, with the first favorable weather will be very large, and with a favorable Spring the increase over last year's acreage will be very marked. The increased acreage that is now in and to be put in for the coming [illegible] over that put in for last year's harvest will, from information furnished us from different sources, be from 40 to 45 per cent. If the above proves correct our surplus for the coming harvest will be from the Willamette and Columbia river valleys, 100,000 tons. This estimate is based upon the reduction of Flour to Wheat. The amount that will be added to the above by Umpqua valley, which will, this year, be drained by the Oregon and California Railroad, [illegible] to learn; but from parties living in the valley [illegible] learn that the increased acreage will be fully [illegible] year, whatever that was. The soil of Umpqua valley, or all that portion we saw while passing through the valley, is the richest we have ever seen on the Pacific slope, and from what we could learn the yield of any kind of cereal sown is the largest per acre. It is [illegible] to suppose that the exports from this port (for all the trade of the Umpqua valley upon the completion of the O. & C. R. R., which will be very soon) will be increased fully one-third over the entire exports of produce for the harvest season of 1871-72, which, if the above estimates are correct, will give us, by reducing Flour to Wheat, a Wheat surplus at this port of at least 125,000 tons. The amount of land that will be cultivated in California is estimated by the Sacramento *Union* at 1,800,000 acres, against 1,478,391 acres last year. The yield is placed at 36,000,000 bushels, if the spring holds out as in 1862. We are inclined to think that neither the number of acres nor the yield per acre will be found at the close of the harvest season of 1872-73 so large as above estimated; but if correct, the total yield of California will this year be 1,080,000 tons. Although not having seen any estimates of the consumption of California and Nevada, we think we are safe in placing the same at 47,500 tons per month, which is giving them a population of 650,000; the amount to be used for distilling purposes, 15,000 tons, and the amount to be taken for the following year's [illegible] at 60 lbs per acre, and placing the acreage at 2,000,000, gives California a total consumption for the harvest season of 1872-73 of 725,000, which will leave the State a surplus in Wheat, by reducing Flour that will be exported to Wheat, of 355,000 tons.

In view of the large increase in our production would it not be advisable in the Northern Pacific Railroad to show some of the enterprising spirit of which they boast so largely of possessing, and instead of shipping their Railroad Iron for this end of the road to San Francisco and from there to be reshipped here or to Kalama make their shipments direct to place of destination. If they will adopt direct shipments they will aid greatly in developing the internal resources of the State, as it gives us facilities to make direct shipments of Wheat and Flour. The Oregon and California Railroad has pursued this course and the result is an advantage in obtaining cheaper freight and also in aiding the farming community of our State, which of course gives more business to their line of railroad. It helps the farmer in allowing of direct shipments; and where direct shipments are made of produce higher prices are obtained by producers. It increases business on the railroad, in this way, the higher the prices obtained for cereals, the more land is put in cultivation and the more grain shipped to market. Not a captain of any of the iron vessels, which have arrived from the United Kingdom with Railroad Iron but has said that the Bar at the mouth of the Columbia river presents no obstacle to easy crossing; but it is claimed by them that the tug boat at the Bar is not of sufficient power. This, of course, if proven correct, will, without doubt, be overcome, this spring or summer by a large and more powerful tug being put on. The course of Hon. H. W. Corbett in the United States Senate, is such as causes us to believe that all and every obstacle to vessels drawing 20 feet, from coming up or going down from Portland in the lowest stage of our rivers will be removed by Government during this year, for which purpose an appropriation will be had, and from the known influence of Mr. Corbett and Judge Williams (now Attorney General) in Congress, the amount desired for removing such obstructions will be voted and work commenced at once.

Produce Market.

WHEAT—We give above estimates of the crop of Oregon and California with estimates of their surplus for the harvest season of 1872-73. We have nothing new to offer to-day. The market is entirely devoid of any interest and until shipping is secured to take that which has been purchased out we fear we will have to continue to note a quiet market.

FLOUR—The shipments by the *Oriflamme* and *Whistler* to San Francisco and the *Alden Besse* to China, will aggregate, so it is thought, not less than 15,000 bbls. We quote market firm in jobbing lots for extra of standard brands at $7 ⅌ bbl; choice country, $6 50@6 75 ⅌ bbl; superfine and outside brands, $6@6 50 ⅌ bbl. Our millers are taking advantage of the high price of Feed, and are grinding their Wheat so as to secure the marketing of their Feed.

HAY—Market quiet. Both receipts and demand are light. Dealers have marked down buying prices again. We quote baled Timothy at $30 ⅌ ton; other descriptions $20@25 ⅌ ton.

EGGS—Receipts light; all coming forward meeting with quick sales at 55c ⅌ doz.

General Merchandise.

HARDWARE—Last mail advices from New York give the following changes in addition to those previously noted: The Cast Steel Shears &c. manufactures have advanced the price, which before was quite irregular, to 70 per cent. discount, net cash, or 60 and 20, 4 months. Henry Seymour & Co. will make the following changes on the 1st of January—the List for No. 16 Straight Trimmers, is advanced from $10 to $18 per doz.—Ladies' Scissors, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 are all $10, instead of $10, $9, $8 50, $8 and $8—Pocket Scissors, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, are all $10, instead of $8, $8 50 and $9—Tailor's Points, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 are all $10, instead of $9, $8 50 and $8, all 50 per cent. discount—Snips are $25 and $23 for Nos. 1 and 2, instead of $24 and $22, less 4 per cent.—Boot Trimmers are unchanged, 40 off, and Tailors' Shears, as before, 25 off. Sad Irons tend upward—the "Reading Hardware Works" (Fernald & Bliss, agents) decline orders under 4½ cents, and common goods which have sold as low as 3½@3¾ cents are held materially higher. The "Powell Tool Company," "Kloman, Burkle & Co.," "Klein, Logan & Co.," "Trenton Vise & Tool Company," and "Abl & Co.," announce by circular that "The increased cost of manufacturing, resulting from the advanced price of supplies, etc., within the last few months, together with the very low prices at which we have sold our goods, compel us to advance our prices from this date" (Dec. 1.) "That the no-warranty action of the Axe and Tool Makers is fully approved and adopted by this association, and all warranty on goods to cease." At a meeting of the Rule Makers held on Friday last, it was resolved not to change prices at present. Edge tools it is asserted will advance, and jobbers have put in large orders recently in anticipation of the change. Wrought Iron Pipes are very firm at the advance noticed—discount 50 per cent.

SARDINES—The receipts at New York from January 1, 1871, to November 17th, footed up 20,047 cases against 65,330 cases for the same period of time in 1870. French advices state that, owing to the light catch of 1871, the market was ruling firm at prices above the New York quotations.

TIN—Cable advices received at New York Dec. 27th, quote straits, in pig, at 150s, and English, 152s, and plates in Wales at 32s; in Liverpool, 33s.

LUMBER—San Francisco advices of January 3d, report the stocks of Oregon Pine light with prices firm. There were at that date five vessels under charter to load. The export to foreign countries for the year 1871 aggregated 17,618,000 feet valued at $312,000, and 5,394,000 Shingles, valued at $13,000. Sugar Pine was advanced $4@5 ⅌ m for cargo lots.

Daily Receipts of Produce.

Per *E. N. Cooke*—1436 sks wheat, Corbitt & Macleay; 136 bxs apples Allen & Lewis; 20 bxs apples, G. Herrall; 40 qr sks flour, Wolf & Co; [illegible] bales woolen goods, B B & Co; 103 sks feed, J S & Co; [illegible] cs home, 1 sk oats, 4 pkgs beef, to order.

Per *Rescue*—20 sks oysters, J Williams; 1 bdl pelts, 11 hides, Koshland Bros; 3 pkgs furs, H S; 15 bales hay, Wolf, 2 hides, to order.

Portland R. A. C., No. 3—Regular Convocation on the second Tuesday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No. 16 North Front street. By order of M. E. H. P.

G. A. R. Baker Post No. 1—Regular meeting every Saturday evening at Nonpareil Hall, corner First and Madison sts. All comrades in good standing invited to attend. By order of POST COMMANDER.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Harmony Lodge No. 12, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.

RAILROAD LANDS.

OFFICE OF LAND DEPARTMENT,

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.

AND

European and Oregon Land Co.,

Portland, Oregon, August 1, 1871.

THE COMPANY IS NOW PREPARED TO EXTEND the pre-emption privilege of purchasing Railroad Lands in advance of the same being placed in market to all parties desirous of securing them on the following terms:

The applicant filing in this office a claim in the form prescribed, to-wit:

Pre-emption, date, No. ——.

To the Land Agent of the European and Oregon Land Company:

SIR: You are hereby notified that I have settled upon and improved (description of land) in the county of State of Oregon, containing —— acres, and that I claim a pre-emption right to purchase said lands at the Company's valuation in accordance with the following resolution of the Directors of said Company, adopted on the twenty-sixth day of May, A. D. 1871, to the terms of which I hereby fully assent:

"Resolved, That the parties settling upon and improving any of the lands of the European and Oregon Land Company, before the same are opened for market, shall be entitled to the pre-emption privilege of purchase on the same terms [illegible] the Company would sell the land for without [illegible] and shall be subject, to the same [illegible] as all other lands belonging to the Company, when brought into market; provided, such settlers shall file in the Land Office of said Company, written application, giving notice of such settlement, and shall accept the privilege upon the condition that when the price of the land shall be fixed, notice thereof shall be sent by the Company's Land Agent, through the Postoffice, or otherwise, as may be convenient, to the residence of the party claiming the pre-emption privilege, and if the land is not purchased by the said party within sixty days from the date of such notice, the Company will be at liberty to sell the land to any other person."

(Name of applicant.)

(Postoffice address.)

When the application is received, a certificate, signed by the Agent, obligating the Company to the terms, will be sent to the claimant in the following form:

PRE-EMPTION CERTIFICATE, No. ——.

This is to certify that , of county, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office a pre-emption claim to (description of premises), and is hereby entitled to the first privilege of purchasing said land at the Company's valuation, (which is to be made without reference to improvements) when the same shall be placed in market, in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of said Company, adopted May 26, A. D. 1871.

When the price of the above described land is fixed, notice thereof will be sent to the party to whom this Certificate is issued, and if the land is not purchased by the said party as the holder hereof within sixty days from the date of such notice, the Company will be at liberty to sell the land to any other person.

(Signed)

Land Agent of the E. & O. Land Co.

The lands will be apprised by a competent, disinterested party, under oath, at their actual present value—no fancy or prospective price on the basis of similar lands in the vicinity, and when appraisement is made they will be sold in quantity not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres to one person, payable in five equal annual installments, with interest from date of contract, at ten per cent. per annum, principal and interest payable in United States Legal Tender Notes. Warranty deeds given after United States Patent issues, upon payment in full.

Blank forms of application furnished upon request.

I. R. MOORES,
au12d&twawtf Land Agent.

M. SELLER,
No. 60 Front Street,
IMPORTER,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer
IN
CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE, CUTLERY,
LAMPS, LAMP STOCKS,
AND
COAL OIL,
All of which he proposes to
Sell at Reasonable Rates!
d24dtf

EDUCATIONAL.

COMMERCIAL ACADEMY!

Third Street, bet. Yamhill and Morrison,
OVER WILSON'S STORE,

MART. TAYLOR ... Proprietor.
MISS EVA A. FORD, Teacher of Penmanship.

SCHOOL EVERY NIGHT EXCEPT SATURDAYS and Sundays.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN will find the best facilities for acquiring a knowledge of PENMANSHIP, SINGLE and DOUBLE-ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING, MATHEMATICS, and all the English Branches.

Terms—Very Low.

The Best Place in the City to Spend an Evening. d9dlm

HOME AND SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

PACIFIC UNIVERSITY, FOREST GROVE.

OWING TO AN ENLARGEMENT FOUR MORE Pupils will be received after January 1st. Number limited to twelve.

For particulars, address President Marsh, or

REV. C. M. BLAKE, A. M.,
jo19dawtf Forest Grove, Oregon.

Old Horse Sale.

THE FOLLOWING LIST OF O. H. PACKAGES REmaining on hand in the Portland Office over 1 year, unclaimed, will be sold at Public Auction at

RICHARDSON'S AUCTION ROOMS,

In this city, on the 28th of February, next, to the highest bidder for cash:

		Addressed to—
Package—C. O. D., Oy—	$14 50	Capt. G. Anson.
Parcel—P.		W. C. Avery.
Package—C. O. D.	$25 00	R. H. Austin.
Package—C. O. D.	80 00	W. O. Barnes.
Box.		J. Berting.
Package.		W. Currier & Co.
Package—C. O. D.		Thos. Connell.
Package.		Wm. Crash.
Package.		D. M. Colver.
Box—P.	$50 00	W. Christie.
Package.		J. P. Dicus.
Package—C. O. D.	$18 75	H. O. Fook.
Parcel.		D. B. Green.
Parcel.		J. G. Holman.
Package.		Holden & D.
Bale.		Wm. Hartless.
Package.		Hildburg & Co.
Box—C. O. D.	$87 00	R. Hendricks.
Parcel.		Chas. Johnson.
Box—C. O. D.	$200 00	Isaac Levy.
Trunk.		D. McCollum.
Package.		D. McKimmen.
Carpet Bag.		M. McGraiglgin.
Package.		J. H. McBride.
Package.		Jake Miller.
Letter—C. O. D.	$2 00	B. L. Norden.
Package.		Mrs. M. Nultner.
Package.		O. S. N. Co.
Valise.		O. H. Parker.
Package—C. O. D.	$37 50	J. M. Rice.
Watch and Pistol.		B. Richardson.
Roll—C. O. D.	$15 00	H. C. Simmons.
Package.		Mr. Smith.
Package.		Jul. Stern.
Package.		Jno. Storan.
Package.		E. S. Soloman.
10 cases.		Havard Stevens.
Package.		G. Tongate.
Package.		J. B. Thurman.
Bundle.		D. VanWinkle.
Package.		J. H. Wyatt.
Package.		J. J. Williams.
Bundle Trees—C. O. D.		Wormser & Co.
Package—C. O. D.	$3 50	Woodward & Angel.
Box—C. O. D.	$3 00	H. Walters.
Package.		F. Wilkinson.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Portland, Jan. 4th, 1872. dtd

VARNISHES!
IN BARRELS,
DIRECT FROM
EASTERN MANUFACTURERS.

NO. 1 TURPENTINE FURNITURE,
DAMAR,
BLACK ASPHALTUM,
EXTRA COACH,
BROWN JAPAN,
STAR SHELLAC,
PURE ALCOHOL SHELLAC,
BEST SHELLAC.

Also, a Full Assortment of
All Kinds of Varnishes.
FOR SALE BY
GEO. L. STORY,
45 FRONT ST., PORTLAND.
n27dlm

STORAGE WAREHOUSE.

For Goods, Wheat, Flour, Wool, and Every Other Description of Produce or Merchandise, etc.

The commodious fire-proof brick and stone building known as the Distillery, situated on North Front street, near the Westside Railroad Depot and Ferry Boat, has been opened for the storage of goods and produce of every kind. Being well and substantially built of stone and brick, is particularly adapted to this purpose, and being a little removed from other buildings causes it to be a place of great safety in case of fire. Moderate charges.

For storage, address to W. F. BROWN, Sen., at Russell, Ferry & Woodward's, 100 Front street, Portland, or to Box 237, Post Office.

Goods and produce of every description also received, for sale on commission. d18dlm

AVERILL
CHEMICAL PAINT.
The Most Durable,
THE
Most Beautiful
AND
Most Convenient Paint for all Purposes yet Discovered,

IT IS PREPARED READY FOR APPLICATION; IS made of several shades or color, which may be changed to suit the taste, by mixing one with another, and is put up in cans of one and five gallons each.

A few handsome shades of this celebrated paint have just been received DIRECT FROM THE ORIGINAL NEW YORK FACTORY by SMITH & DAVIS,
Portland, Ogn., Aug. 19th, 1871. 71 Front st.
aug19dtf

Bed Rock Struck!

PAYING NOW FROM 30 TO 50 PER CENT. IN favor of those who Buy their

FURNITURE,
BEDDING,
Etc., Etc.,
OF
TERRY & HITCH,
n22dtf 173 First st., bet. Salmon and Main

ADAM'S BIER HALLE!
Cor. Oak and First Streets.
Pigeon-hole Table.
THE BEST ON THE COAST.

LAGER-BIER FIVE CENTS A GLASS.
THE BEST OLD ENGLISH PORTER.
All kinds of Delicacies by the Plate.
As ever, the BEST BRANDS OF LIQUORS and CIGARS always found at the Bar.
dec12d2m

NOTICE.

Good Templars' Hall Association.

THERE WILL BE A MEETING HELD OF THE Incorporators and Stockholders of the Good Templars Hall Association of Portland, on Thursday evening, at 7½ o'clock, Jan. 18, at Good Templars Hall, Carter's Building, corner Front and Alder, for the purpose of considering the propriety of selecting a building lot—also, of the filing of supplemental articles of Incorporation, increasing the capital stock to $30,000. A full attendance is required.

jan8-td BY ORDER OF THE INCORPORATORS.

Hotels and Restaurants.

THE LAFAYETTE,
ORO FINO THEATER BUILDING.
SOL. HARRIS, Prop'r.

THIS POPULAR RESTAURANT HAS LATELY been elegantly fitted up.

PRIVATE ROOMS for Ladies and Gentlemen are attached to the house and every attention will be paid to customers.

The Tables are supplied with the best the market affords. c4dtf

ASTOR HOUSE,
ON FIRST ST., BET. OAK AND PINE.
One block below the Theater.

THE ONLY FIRST CLASS HOTEL IN PORTland where guests can obtain the full value of their money. New House, New Furniture—everything about the House new and clean.

A good square meal for ... $ 25
Lodging ... 25
Board and Lodging, per week ... 5 00
" " day ... 1 00

Best accommodations for families. Give me a call.
ul4dtf B. L. LONGFELLOW, Prop'r.

NOTICE.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
AT THE
ST. CHARLES HOTEL

FROM THE FIRST DAY OF AUGUST THE PRICE of Board and Rooms will be reduced to the following rates:

Transient, Room and Board, per day ... $2 00
" Suites of Rooms and Board, Extra ... $2 to 4 00
Permanent, Single Room and Board:
Per week ... $10 and upwards
" Day Boarders, per week ... $7 00
" Suites of Rooms for Families in proportion.
Beds, per night ... 75c

This being the only First Class Hotel in the city—being built of brick, with Bar and Billiard Rooms on the premises. Table and attendance unsurpassed on the Coast, and all the modern improvements—the subscriber trusts with the above combination of advantages to meet with a proportionate share of patronage from the citizens of Portland and the traveling public.

jy29dtf JOHN J. JACOBS, Proprietor

CHEMEKETA HOUSE,
SALEM, OREGON.

THIS NEW AND ELEGANT HOTEL WITH SUITES of Rooms, especially adapted to the accommodation of families, and supplied with every modern convenience is now open to the reception of guests:

R. P. EARHART, Prop'r.
17th July, 1871. jy17dtf

THOMPSON'S TWO-BIT HOUSE
FRONT STREET, NEAR MAIN,

Where there is hi-you muck-a-muck and no [illegible].

Employers wanting Help, skilled or unskilled, please call.

No bummers allowed on the premises. je27dtf

AMERICAN EXCHANGE!
(LATE LINCOLN HOUSE)
Corner Washington and Front Streets
PORTLAND, OREGON.

L. P. W. QUIMBY & C. H. PERKINS;

HAVING taken the above House, wish to announce to the public that they are now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietors to do, to render guests comfortable.

FREE COACH TO THE HOUSE.
Portland, Feb. 2, 1867. dtf

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.
JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.
UMATILLA, OREGON.

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE Consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all points in Oregon, Idaho, Montana and Owyhee, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

Fire-Proof Warehouse

For the Storage of goods, and a long experience which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates.

All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

Consignments solicited. Mark goods, Care J. R. F. & Co., U.

Always on hand a full Assortment of
Groceries, Provisions, and Clothing
MECHANICS' MINERS' & BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,
Also a large Stock of
IRON AND STEEL,
Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.
a24dtf JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

NOTICE.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
Fast Freight Line
TO IDAHO!

ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 1871, OUR RATES on FAST FREIGHT (on 50 pounds or upwards, not less than 45 pounds per cubic foot) will be as follows

From Portland to La Grande ... 13 cents per pound.
" " Union ... 13 "
" " Baker City ... 15 "
" " Boise City ... 22 "
" " Idaho City ... 25 "
" " Silver City ... 26 "

WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Portland, July 1, 1871. feldtf

GEO. L. HIBBARD. THOS. H. VEASEY.

GEO. L. HIBBARD & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Groceries, Provisions,
DRIED FRUITS,
HAY, GRAIN AND FEED,
Doors, Windows, Blinds, Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.,
98 Front St. Portland, Oregon.
ALSO,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Agents for SALEM MILLS FLOUR and SAN JUAN LIME,
Consignments Solicited

DOORS! DOORS! DOORS!

AT HIBBARD & CO.'S WILL BE FOUND A COMplete assortment of DOORS, WINDOWS and BLINDS. Those who contemplate building, and all Carpenters and Builders will do well to call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Also a large lot of
Hardwood Lumber
AND
WAGON & CARRIAGE MATERIAL.
mr30dtf

PORTLAND
Library Association.
ROOMS,
CORNER OF STARK AND FIRST STREETS,
OVER LADD & TILTON'S BANK.

CONTAINING 3,000 VOLUMES OF CHOICE BOOKS
AND
OVER 100 PAPERS AND PERIODICALS.
Membership Free to All.
Monthly Dues $1 00—payable Quarterly.

DIRECTORS:
CHARLES E. CALEF, L. H. WAKEFIELD,
ERASMUS D. SHATTUCK, W. H. BRACKETT,
WILLIAM S. LADD, ADDISON C. GIBBS,
PHILIP C. SCHUYLER, Jr., C. H. LEWIS,
MATTHEW P. DEADY, F. S. OSTHEIM.

HENRY A. OXER, Librarian and Recording Secretary.
CHAS. E. CALEF, Corresponding Secretary.
P. C. SCHUYLER, Jr., Treasurer.
W. H. BRACKETT, Vice President.
L. H. WAKEFIELD, President.
ap23dtf.

L. A. GODDARD,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
OREGON
Livery & Hack Stable.
THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY.
HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES.
Hacks on Call Day and Night.
Nos. 114 & 116 Second St., cor. Morrison
ja8 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

OYSTERS.

The BEST of
FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS
RECEIVED THREE TIMES A WEEK AND
Served in Every Style, at
ALISKY & HEGELE'S,
107 First Street, opposite the Postoffice.
ja16dtf

A. FEDERSPEIL'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
OYSTER DEPOT,
STARK ST., Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s,
Where you can get them at 75 cts per 100, Opened Fresh, every morning, sent to all parts of the city, Hot or Cold.
ja23tf

DEPOT FOR
SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS!
G. W. WARREN & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS.
Office—With G. L. Hibbard & Co., Front St., next door to Alder.
Orders solicited, by Express or otherwise, from all parts of the State, and promptly attended to.
au29dtf G. W. WARREN & CO.

Markets.

SWAN ISLAND MARKET
MARCUS M. SPAULDING. MORTON M. SPAULDING.
SPAULDING BROTHERS,
RETAIL DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
MEATS.
Particular attention given to serving
FAMILIES, HOTELS, RESTAURANTS & CHOP HOUSES
Orders delivered promptly in any part of the city.
Our facilities for serving the best of Meats are unsurpassed, and our customers can rely upon being served with the very best in the market, at
N. W. corner First and Oak streets.
Portland, Sept. 1, 1871. sld3m

PACIFIC MARKET.
W. W. SPAULDING,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Fresh Meats,
AND
PACKER of BEEF & PORK
Highest Price paid for all kinds of FAT STOCK.
NO. 2 NORTH FRONT STREET,
ja23 PORTLAND, OREGON. dawtf

UNION MARKET,
Cor. SECOND & WASHINGTON Sts.
HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE INTEREST of SODLOTH & SHERLOCK in the above named Market, I am fully prepared to supply
ALL KINDS OF MEAT
OF GOOD QUALITY at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
my12dtf ISAAC BERGMAN.

Portland Market.
E. H. CARLING,
SECOND STREET, COR. MORRISON,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON hand the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the City Free of Charge. KOSHER BEEF, VEAL and MUTTON always on hand.
Portland, Feb. 17, 1871. dtf

Grocers.

R. PITTOCK,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,
Cor. First and Morrison streets,
AND
No. 9 North Front street.
PORTLAND, OREGON.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR PRODUCE
Consignments solicited. oc20dtf

WM. WADHAMS, Portland. W. K. LEVERIDGE, A. P. EVERETT, 318 Front St., San Francisco.

LEVERIDGE, WADHAMS & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO R. G. SNEATH,)
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Forwarding & Commission Merchants,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

LEVERIDGE, EVERETT & CO.,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
318 Front St., corner of Commercial,
al SAN FRANCISCO. dtf

New York.

CHARLES DIMON.
COMMISSION MERCHANT
FOR
Buying, Selling and Forwarding all kinds of Merchandise.
P. O. Box 4,094. 93 LIBERTY ST., NEW YORK.
Goods marked to my care will be shipped VIA ISTHMUS, RAIL OR CAPE HORN as instructed.
Refer to Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Knapp, Burrell & Co., and Savier & Co., Portland; R. M. Wade, Esq., Salem.
f28dly

J. M. KEELER & CO.,
95 Liberty St., New York.
OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION AGENCY,

FOR BUYING AND FORWARDING DIRECT, VIA Isthmus, Rail and Cape Horn, with San Francisco connections, all classes and varieties of Merchandise and for sale of Exports from the North-West.

Advances made on approved consignments, and orders respectfully solicited. All orders and business will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES—New York: N. Y. Nat'l Bank, cor. College Place and Chambers St.; Messrs. A. E. & C. E. Tilton, 95 Liberty street; Messrs. J. L. Brownell & Bros., Bankers, 28 Broad street; Messrs. Beatty, Miller & Co., 84 South street. Oregon: Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Bankers, Portland; Hon. E. D. Shattuck, Portland; Messrs. Ladd & Bush, Bankers, Salem; A. A. McCully, Esq., Salem. d26dtf

SUGARS.
EX BARKENTINE GRACE ROBERTS,
FROM HONOLULU Direct,
4,400 kegs ISLAND SUGARS,
ASSORTED GRADES.
For Sale by
ALLEN & LEWIS.
d12l

San Francisco.

EMERSON, CORVILLE & CO.,
WHOLESALE
OYSTER DEALERS,
Saddle Rock Oyster House!
NO. 410 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.
Sole Proprietors of the Celebrated
SAN BRUNO & RACCOON STRAITS
OYSTER BEDS!
THE TRADE SUPPLIED WITH OUR CHOICE
NEW YORK TRANSPLANTED
OYSTERS!
(THE FINEST FLAVORED OYSTERS IN THE WORLD)
IN ANY QUANTITY,
AT THE
LOWEST RATES!
Country Orders Promptly Filled.
oc6d3m4p

P. LIESENFELD'S
BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTORY,
571 Market Street,
SAN FRANCISCO,

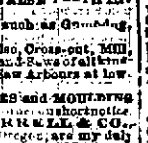


SOLE AGENTS ON THE PACIFIC COAST FOR
PHELAN & COLLENDER'S
NEW DESIGN BEVELED TABLE, patented June 6th, 1871; also the EUREKA WIRE CUSHION; patented May 23, 1871, and the celebrated Combination Cushion.
On hand, a large assortment of Bagatelle Pigeon-Hole and Top Bagatelle Tables. ja15d1m4p



Is the best article ever offered to the public. Try it.
B. F. BARTON & CO.,
n3d6m4p 216 Sacramento St., San Francisco.

N. W. SPAULDING,
Saw-Smithing & Repairing
ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 113 Pine Street, between Front and Battery,
SAN FRANCISCO.



N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH INSERTED IN CIRCULAR SAWS.

REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming, Re-Toothing, Straightening, &c.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; also, Cross-cut, Mill, Muley, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand Saws of all kinds, together with a good assortment of Saw Arbours at lowest market rates.

Cast-Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice.

N. B.—Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho. Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same [illegible] as if sent to me direct.

Dec. 9, 1869. N. W. SPAULDING.

Blake's Patent Steam **PUMPS**
All sizes on hand. Send for a circular with price list.
BERRY & PLACE,
myl 112 and 114 California St., San Francisco.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

To Street Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland until 12 o'clock M. Friday, January 19, 1872, for the improvement of the following named streets:

North Front street, as per Ordinance No. 1090.
North First " " " 1093.
F street, " " " 1099.

Bids must state opposite the number of each block the price per cubic yard for excavation and embankment.

Each bid must be accompanied with the bond of two freeholders, properly verified in the sum of five hundred dollars to the effect that if the contract be awarded to such bidder, he will, upon its being so awarded, enter into contract therefor with good and sufficient sureties for its faithful performance.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

E. M. BURTON,
J. M. CAYWOOD,
W. LAIR HILL,
j10dtd Committee on Streets and Public Property.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNEE OF HIS APPOINTMENT. District of Oregon, ss: At Portland, the 3d day of January, A. D. 1872. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of J. B. Nichols, of Eugene City, in the county of Lane and State of Oregon, within said District, who has been adjudged, a bankrupt, upon creditors' petition, by the District Court of said District. JOSEPH BACHMAN, Assignee.
jan 5-dlaw3t

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF LAND.—BY VIRTUE OF an order of the United States District Court for the District of Oregon, I will sell, at public auction, for gold coin, at the Court House door in Corvallis, Oregon, on the 12th day of February, 1872, between 12 o'clock M. and 3 o'clock P. M., the following described lands, situated in Benton county, Oregon, belonging to the estate of Price Fuller, bankrupt, to-wit: The fractional N. E. ¼ of the N. E. ¼ of section 2, T. 11 S., R. 5 W., containing 6 29-100 acres. Also, 17 7-100 acres lying south of and adjoining the Price Fuller donation claim. Coin payable and deeds delivered on the approval of sale by said Court.
j9dlaw3t ANDREW HILL, Assignee of said Estate.

CORBETT FAILING & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
IRON and STEEL,
ROPE, ETC., ETC.
Agents for the Sale of
DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.
Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Portland, January 2, 1874. ja2dtf

JOHN R. FOSTER
CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

HAS FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST RATES AN assortment of

Howe's Platform & Counter Scales,
THE BEST IN USE.
SHELF AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
MINERS' GOODS,
NAILS, ROPE, SHOVELS, ANVILS, AXES, ETC., ETC.

Which he invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

je21dtf JOHN R. FOSTER.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT
WARRANTED PURE.
ROCK, COARSE-GROUND, DAIRY AND TABLE SALT; always on hand and for sale in quantities to suit.
HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
jan6dtf Sole Agents, San Francisco.

Medical.

DR. GLASS' ECLECTIC DISPENSARY,
Cor. B & First Sts., Portland, Oregon.

TREATMENT GIVEN—WITHOUT THE USE OF Mercury to all Diseases to which the human family is subject. Those who are suffering from Stricture operated on and a Cure Guaranteed.

All other Private Diseases, such as Gonorrhoea, Spermatorrhoea, Impotence, and Syphilis, in all its stages, can be Cured by calling at the Dispensary.

Patients living at a distance, and wishing to consult the Doctor, can get advice by stating their symptoms as near as possible by letter.

TO FEMALES

Who are suffering from Weakness, General Debility, Sterility and all other functional diseases, relief will be given, and in most all cases a Cure Warranted.

THE REGULATORS.

These celebrated Pills, to regulate Suppressed Menstruation, sent free by mail to any address on receipt of $5 per box. Females who are troubled with the above malady can find sure relief. Address

DR. O. G. GLASS,
Corner of B and First streets, Portland, Oregon.
OFFICE HOURS—From 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M.

CONTEMPTIBLE!

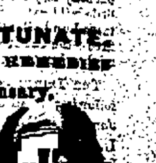
THE POPULARITY WHICH THE
OAHU BITTERS
Are rapidly acquiring has induced certain jealous parties in the darkness of night to cover up the Posters of these Bitters with those of their own through the city.

All may see in this act the stooping attitude of a humbug.

MERIT FEARS NO COMPETITION.
nldtf

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.
NEW REMEDIES, NEW REMEDIES
Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,

623 KEARNEY STREET NEAR COMMERCIAL, San Francisco. Established in 1854; for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc. Skin Diseases (of years standing) and Ulcerated Legs [illegible] treated.



DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that he has returned from visiting the principal Hospitals of Europe, and has resumed practice at his Dispensary, 623 Kearny street, corner of Commercial, San Francisco, where his old patients and those requiring his [illegible] may find him.

The Doctor has spared neither time nor money in seeking out new remedies, and has returned with increased facilities for the alleviation of human suffering.

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons, both [illegible] male, are there who are [illegible] out a miserable [illegible] from the effects of secret indulgences, or from [illegible] into the system! Look at their pallid [illegible] and disfigured faces and their broken-down [illegible] disqualifying them for the happiness of [illegible] or the enjoyment of life. In this horrid situation thousands suffer until death closes the scene. [illegible] guardians, friends, attend to those who are suffering with any of these horrible life-destroying maladies, that they are cured for and cured before it be too late. [illegible] to Doctor Gibbon, a physician who has made private diseases his especial study for years, and who [illegible] any injurious drugs. It is important to [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

CURED AT HOME.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME by addressing a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicines promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions. By inclosing Ten Dollars coin, to [illegible] letter through the Postoffice or through Wells Fargo & Co., a package of medicine will be forwarded to any part of the Union.

All communications strictly confidential.

Caution to the Unfortunate.

Beware of the San Francisco quacks and pretenders, who, with bogus sworn-to certificates, dupe the unwary. Some of the self-styled doctors, whose names are to be found in the daily and weekly newspapers of San Francisco and other places, are tradesmen and [illegible] lazy too work at their trades. (Some are [illegible] makers, newspaper carriers, intelligence office [illegible] etc. Look over the San Francisco Directory and you will not find their Medical Institutes in it, but you will find their former occupations in it. Look at the [illegible] for 1862 and 1863. The only way to avoid imposition is to make inquiry—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets; for, as advertising physicians in eight cases out of ten are bogus, there is no safety in [illegible] any of them until you know who and what they are. Dr. Gibbon does not deceive people by exhibiting bogus titles, certificates, pretended patients' letters, etc. Dr. Gibbon will satisfy persons who may call as to his [illegible] his ability to treat diseases that he proposes to cure.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, 623 Kearney street, near Commercial, San Francisco. Post Office Box 1,957. REMEMBER TO PUT BOX 1,957 ON THE [illegible] [illegible] FREE.

[illegible] please inform DR. GIBBON [illegible]

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between Van B. DeLashmutt and C. D. Burch, in the Real Estate business in the city of Portland, under the firm name of DeLashmutt & Burch, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Van B. DeLashmutt will hereafter receive all moneys due the late firm, and will pay all liabilities of the same.

January 9th, 1872. VAN B. DELASHMUTT,
j10dtf C. D. BURCH.

Notice.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between Philip Horning and R. Yost in the business of carrying on the "Portland Sausage Factory" is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Philip Horning will collect all bills due the firm and will pay all liabilities of the same. Said dissolution to take effect from January 1st, 1872.

Jan. 8, 1872. PHILIP HORNING,
ja9dlm ROBT. YOST.

Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between the undersigned, under the firm name of Kohn & Fishel, at Portland, Oregon, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due the late firm must be paid to Joseph Kohn, who alone is authorized to collect and receipt for the same. All debts owing by the late firm are to be paid by Joseph Kohn, who will hereafter conduct his business at the old stand.

JOS. KOHN,
CHAS FISHEL.

Portland, January 1st, 1872

Referring to the above, I would recommend old customers to the new firm.

ja5 d2w CHAS FISHEL

Dissolved.

PORTLAND, December 16, 1871.

THE FIRM OF OATMAN & HACHENEY IS THIS day dissolved.

HARRISON B. OATMAN,
FRANK HACHENEY.

N. B.—The autograph of either to your bills is good.
N. B.—P. S.—Hacheney continues the business, and settles all bills against the late firm, and invites your custom.
P. S.—Oatman retires.
N. B.—The thing was mutual.
P. S.—Creditors are invited to settle immediately either by cash or note.

NOTICE.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between L. M. Dyer and J. H. Rathburn, in the Milk Business under the firm name of Rathburn & Dyer, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. H. Rathburn will, collect and receipt for all debts due the said firm, and pay all the indebtedness thereof.

J. H. RATHBURN,
L. M. DYER.
Portland, Jan. 6, 1872.

School Tax.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE SCHOOL Taxes for the year A. D. 1871, for School District No. 1, Multnomah County, Oregon, are due and payable, and that the Tax List may be found at the office of the Portland Gas Light Company, and R. G. WHITEHOUSE is authorized to receive and receipt for School Taxes in my name until otherwise ordered. R. J. LADD,
n25dtf School Clerk.

VOL. XI.

The Daily Oreg[illegible]

HENRY L. PITTOCK, P[illegible]

THE DAILY MORNING [illegible] morning, except Sunday, and [illegible] in Portland, at 25 cents a w[illegible] copies, 10 cents. By Mail or E[illegible] of the State at $10 per annum in [illegible]

THE WEEKLY [illegible] the best [illegible] Saturday [illegible] of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for [illegible] and $1 for three months, in advance [illegible]

All papers discontinued at the end of the t[illegible] weeks before the date printed upon the ad[illegible] and 21, Merchants Exchange, Californi[illegible]

Professional Cards

DR. S. PARKER [illegible] Has Removed his Office and Resi[illegible] Room No. 2 [illegible] corner Washington and Fir[illegible] Office Hours [illegible]

JNO. B. PILKINGTON, [illegible]

COUNT [illegible]

DR. MARY A. THOMPSON [illegible]

PHYSICIAN A[illegible]

RESIDENCE & OFFICE [illegible]

New Cards.

WARREN & FORBES, Attorneys and Counsell[illegible]

SHATTUCK & KILLIN, Attorneys at Law [illegible]

Room 1, DEKUM'S BUILDING, N. W. [illegible]

[illegible] Attorney at Law [illegible]

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER, ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS [illegible]

JAMES F. BROWN, Attorney and Counselor [illegible] Notary Public [illegible]

F. A. CHENOWETH, Attorney at Law [illegible] CORVALLIS, OREGON.

THOMAS J. PATER[illegible] JUSTICE OF THE PE[illegible]

Business Cards.

E. M. BURTON, [illegible]

[illegible] No. 17 Dekum [illegible]

[illegible] CHARGES REASONABLE [illegible]

GOODNOUGH & GIBSON, CONTRACTORS AND BUIL[illegible] North First street, between [illegible]

C. W. BURRAGE, Civil Engineer and Surv[illegible] Office No. 111 [illegible] cor. [illegible] and Fifth Sts.

REMOVAL [illegible]

C. NEIMEYER & CO., Merchant Tailors, HAVE REMOVED TO [illegible] they are prepared to receive orders. GENTLEMEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING [illegible] der on short notice in the Latest and Most Fa[illegible] Styles

JONES & PALMER[illegible] Real Estate Bro[illegible] INSURANCE AND COLLECTING AGEN[illegible] SALEM, OREGON.

CITY PROPERTY BOUGHT AND SOLD [illegible] FARMS AND WILD LAND FOR SALE [illegible]

JANION & RHODES, IMPORTERS AND COMMI[illegible] 27 FRONT STREET, PORTL[illegible] AGENTS FOR LLOYDS. HENRY RHODES, AGENT FOR BOARD OF MARINE UNDERW[illegible] San Francisco.

BRIGHAM & BEARDSLE[illegible] Merchant Tail[illegible] ODD FELLOWS' BUILDI[illegible] (Gray's Music Store), Cor. First and Alder st[illegible] PORTLAND, OREGON.

FINE WATCH REPAIRING AND ENGR[illegible] Specialty. All work [illegible]

RHINE WINE ON DRAF[illegible]

I WILL SELL, UNTIL AFTER NEW YEA[illegible] Genuine Rhine Wine [illegible] Gallon.

PRICE—FROM THREE to FIVE DOLLARS [illegible] Warranted Pu[illegible] C. A. BURCHA[illegible] d19dlm

News Ink [illegible]

IN 25, 50 AND 100 LB. KEGS. FOR [illegible] H. L. PITTOCK, 5 Wash[illegible]

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®